YANZHOU COAL MINING COMPANY LIMITED INTERIM RESULTS FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED 30TH JUNE, 2003

Dear shareholders,

The Board of Directors of Yanzhou Coal Mining Company Limited (the "Company") is pleased to present the Company's unaudited interim operating results for the six months ended 30th June, 2003, which have been reviewed by the Audit Committee of the Company.

In the first half of 2003, net sales of the Company were RMB3,504.6 million, representing an increase of RMB508 million or 17.0% over the same period last year. Net income was RMB738 million, representing an increase of RMB41.579 million or 6.0% as compared to the same period last year. Raw coal production was 21.84 million tonnes, an increase of 2.54 million tonnes or 13.2% as compared to the same period last year. Coal sales were 19.98 million tonnes, representing an increase of 3.8 million tonnes or 23.5% over the same period last year. Coal deliveries made by the special purpose coal transportation railway assets (the "Railway Assets") were 13.86 million tonnes, representing an increase of 0.79 million tonnes or 6.0% over the same period last year.

SUMMARY OF UNAUDITED FINANCIAL INFORMATION

(prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"))

				Year ended		
	For the	For the six months ended 30th June				
			% change as			
			compared to			
	2003	2002	same period	2002		
	(RMB'000)	(RMB'000)	last year	(RMB'000)		
	(unaudited)	(unaudited)	(+/-)	(audited)		
Net sales						
Coal net sales	3,428,625	2,928,609	17.1	6,213,901		
Domestic	2,181,385	1,583,981	37.7	3,413,955		
Export	1,247,240	1,344,628	-7.2	2,799,946		
Railway transportation service income	75,989	67,991	11.8	142,471		
Total net sales	3,504,614	2,996,600	17.0	6,356,372		
Gross profit	1,635,706	1,539,770	6.2	2,993,471		
Operating income	1,057,027	1,048,859	0.8	1,866,141		
Interest expenses	(37,971)	(63,988)	-40.7	(117,929)		
Income before income taxes	1,019,056	984,871	3.5	1,748,212		
Net income	737,966	696,387	6.0	1,221,999		
Net cash from operating activities	831,369	1,028,784	-19.2	2,239,712		
Earnings per share (RMB/share)	0.257	0.243	6.0	0.426		

		As at	
	3	30th June	31st December
	2003	2002	2002
	(RMB'000)	(RMB'000)	(RMB'000)
	(unaudited)	(unaudited)	(audited)
Current assets	3,935,471	3,723,716	3,820,163
Current liabilities	1,676,447	1,679,491	1,662,734
Total assets	12,776,306	12,425,814	12,924,045
Shareholder's equity	10,434,519	9,469,421	9,995,033
Return on net assets (%)	7.07	7.35	12.23
Net asset value per share (RMB/share)	3.64	3.30	3.48

REVIEW OF OPERATIONS

The following discussion is based on the Company's unaudited financial results for the first half of 2003 and 2002 respectively, which were prepared in accordance with IFRS.

Coal Production

The Company continued to carry out measures to increase its production capacity in the first half of 2003. This has led to a steady increase in coal output. Raw coal production increased 2.54 million tonnes, or 13.2%, to 21.84 million tonnes for the first six months of 2003 as compared to the same period in 2002. The increase in coal output was mainly due to: 1. an increase of 1.99 million tonnes or 31.8% in raw coal output of Jining III coal mine; and 2. an increase of 1.35 million tonnes or 8.7% in raw coal output of the Company's five other coal mines . In the first half of 2003, salable coal production was 20.30 million tonnes, representing an increase of 2.17 million tonnes or 12.0% as compared to the same period last year.

Coal Sales

The Company implemented the operating strategies of "increasing sales volume, stabilizing export volume" to increase sales volume of the high-priced and high quality clean coal in the first half of 2003. As a result, sales volume increased 3.80 million tonnes, or 23.5%, to 19.98 million tonnes as compared to the same period last year. Sales to the domestic market were 13.12 million tonnes, representing an increase of 3.68 million tonnes, or 39.0%, as compared to the same period of last year. The sales increase in the domestic market was attributable to the increase in sales of No.2 clean coal, No.3 clean coal, raw coal, blended coal and other types of coal by 0.23 million tonnes, 0.54 million tonnes, 1.52 million tonnes and 1.39 million tonnes respectively over the same period last year. Sales to the export market was 6.86 million tonnes, indicating an increase of 0.12 million tonnes, or 1.7%, as compared to the same period last year. Increase in export sales was mainly due to the increase in sales of No. 2 clean coal by 0.90 million tonnes despite a reduction in the sales of No.3 clean coal by 0.78 million tonnes.

Coal Sales Prices

The following table sets out the selling prices of the Company's products for the six months ended 30th June 2003, 30th June 2002, and 31st December 2002 respectively; and in 2002:

(prepared in accordance with IFRS)

	ended 3 2003	six months 30th June, 2002 verage price of coa	For the six months ended 31st December, 2002 Il products (RMB)	For the year ended 31st December, 2002 per tonne)
Clean Coal				
No.1 Clean Coal	245.9	237.6	236.0	237.0
No.2 Clean Coal	191.5	207.7	202.6	204.7
Domestic	234.9	249.2	217.2	232.0
Exports	187.1	206.0	202.1	203.7
No.3 Clean Coal	179.8	192.5	179.5	186.0
Domestic	184.1	184.6	184.1	184.4
Exports	176.9	195.7	177.4	186.7
Subtotal for Clean Coal	185.9	198.1	188.7	193.1
Domestic	195.3	194.1	189.6	191.8
Exports	181.8	199.4	188.5	193.6
Screened Raw Coal	176.4	176.2	174.5	175.3
blended Coal and others	110.8	96.7	102.5	100.1
Average	171.6	181.0	174.1	177.3
Average: domestic	166.3	167.9	164.2	165.9

Notes:1. The average price of coal products is the invoice price minus sales taxes, transportation cost from the Company to the ports, port charges and various miscellaneous fees.

2. The historic average price per tonne of the same type of products for the six months ended 31st December, 2002 was calculated based on the following formula:

(Net sales of the same type of products for the year ended 31st December, 2002) less (net sales of the same type of products for the six months ended 30th June, 2002)

(Sales volume of the same type of products for the year ended 31st December, 2002) less (sales volume of the same type of products for the six months ended 30th June, 2002)

3. Information relating to the net sales and sales volume for the six months ended 30th June, 2002 and for the year ended 31st December, 2002 were set out in the Company's 2002 interim report and 2002 annual report, respectively.

The Company's average coal price for the first six months of 2003 was RMB171.60/tonne, representing a decrease of 5.2% or RMB9.40/tonne as compared to the same period last year. Average domestic coal price decreased 1.0% while average export coal price decreased 8.8%.

Decrease in average coal price was caused by: 1) significant increase in domestic sales of lower-priced raw coal, blended coal and other types of coal; and 2) the Company's export coal price in the first quarter was based on the lower contract price of the preceding year. As a result, rate of decrease in export coal price in the first quarter of 2003 was fairy higher than the same period last year.

Net Sales of Coal

Net sales of coal increased RMB500 million, or 17.1%, to RMB3,428.6 million in the first half of 2003 as compared to the same period last year. Among which, net domestic sales increased RMB597.4 million, or 37.7%, to RMB2,181.4 million while net export sales decreased RMB97.388 million, or 7.2%, to RMB1,247.2 million, as compared to the same period in 2002.

The following table sets out the sales volume and net sales in coal by product category for the six months ended 30th June, 2003 and 2002 respectively:

(prepared in accordance with IFRS)

	For the six months ended 30th June, 2003 (unaudited)		For the six months ended 30th June, 200 (unaudited)		June, 2002	
	Sales		% of total	Sales		% of total
	volume	Net sales	net sales	volume	Net sales	net sales
	'000 tonnes	RMB'000	(%)	'000 tonnes	RMB'000	(%)
Clean Coal						
No.1 Clean Coal	257.7	63,366	1.8	258.1	61,322	2.1
No.2 Clean Coal	3,634.8	695,996	20.3	2,504.1	520,186	17.7
Domestic	334.1	78,461	2.3	103.1	25,699	0.8
Exports	3,300.7	617,535	18.0	2,401.0	494,487	16.9
No.3 Clean Coal	5,891.2	1,058,955	30.9	6,129.5	1,179,900	40.3
Domestic	2,331.8	429,250	12.5	1,786.4	329,759	11.3
Exports	3,559.4	629,705	18.4	4,343.1	850,141	29.0
Subtotal of Clean Coal	9,783.7	1,818,317	53.0	8,891.7	1,761,408	60.1
Domestic	2,923.6	571,077	16.6	2,147.6	416,780	14.2
Exports	6,860.1	1,247,240	36.4	6,744.1	1,344,628	45.9
Screened Raw Coal	7,331.8	1,293,075	37.7	5,814.8	1,024,717	35.0
Blended Coal and others	2,864.2	317,233	9.3	1,473.6	142,484	4.9
Total	19,979.7	3,428,625	100.0	16,180.1	2,928,609	100.0
Total: domestic	13,119.6	2,181,385	63.6	9,436.0	1,583,981	54.1

Railway Assets

Coal deliveries made by Railway Assets in the first half of 2003 were 13.86 million tonnes, representing an increase of 0.79 million, or 6.0%, as compared to the same period last year. Railway transportation service income for the first six months of 2003 was RMB75.989 million, representing an increase of RMB7.998 million, or 11.8%, over the same period last year.

Cost and Expenses

The following table sets out the Company's principal operating expenses, which are also expressed as percentages of total net sales, for each of the six months ended 30th June, 2003 and 2002 respectively:

	Six months ended 30th June,			
	2003	2002	2003	2002
	(RM	IB'000)	(% of tot	al net sales)
	(una	audited)	(una	udited)
Net sales				
Net sales of coal	3,428,625	2,928,609	97.8	97.7
Railway transportation service income	75,989	67,991	2.2	2.3
Total net sales	3,504,614	2,996,600	100.0	100.0
Cost of goods sold and railway				
transportation service				
Materials	446,973	338,784	12.8	11.3
Wages and employee benefits	429,853	312,262	12.3	10.4
Electricity	141,058	115,125	4.0	3.9
Depreciation	434,622	380,646	12.4	12.7
Repairs and maintenance	154,926	131,892	4.4	4.4
Land subsidence	131,473	104,972	3.7	3.5
Mining rights expenses	9,802	9,802	0.3	0.3
Other transportation fees	26,037	17,864	0.7	0.6
Other manufacturing costs	94,164	45,483	2.7	1.5
Total cost of goods sold and railway				
transportation service	1,868,908	1,456,830	53.3	48.6
Selling, general and administration expenses	636,167	533,334	18.2	17.8
Total operating expenses	2,505,075	1,990,164	71.5	66.4

Total operating expenses for the first six months of 2003 increased RMB514.9 million, or 25.9%, to RMB2,505.1 million as compared to the same period last year. Among which, cost of goods sold and railway transportation service increased 28.3% while selling, general and administration expenses increased 19.3%.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The following discussion and analysis are based on the Company's unaudited interim financial report of 2003 and 2002 respectively. These financial reports have been prepared in accordance with IFRS. In respect of the differences between IFRS and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (the "US GAAP"), please refer to note 39 to the financial information prepared in accordance with IFRS.

In the first half of 2003, net sales of the Company increased RMB508 million, or 17.0%, to RMB3,504.6 million from RMB2,996.6 million over the same period in 2002, among which, (1) net sales of coal were RMB3,428.6 million, representing an increase of RMB500 million, or 17.1%, as compared to RMB2,928.6 million of the same period in 2002. The increase was the result of an offset between an increase of RMB687.7 million attributable to increase in sales volume and a decrease of RMB187.7 million attributable to lower coal price; and (2) income generated from railway transportation service increased by RMB7.998 million or 11.8% to RMB75.989 million from RMB67.991 million of the same period last year due to the increase in the volume of coal deliveries made by the Railway Assets where transportation expenses were calculated on ex-mine basis and were borne by the customers.

Cost of goods sold and railway transportation service increased RMB412.1 million, or 28.3%, to RMB1,868.9 million for the first six months of 2003, as compared to RMB1,456.8 million for the same period of 2002. This was mainly due to the increase in coal production, wages and employee benefits. Cost of sales per tonne increased by RMB3.36 or 3.8% to RMB91.86 from RMB88.5 of the same period last year. The increase was attributable to the following: (1) Starting from 2002, the Company paid an additional housing allowance to the employees at a percentage of their wages. In the first half of 2003, housing allowance was recorded at RMB 57.04 million, resulting in an increase of RMB2.85 in cost of sales per tonne; (2) the Company invested additional RMB15 million on improving safety production facilities at coal mining sites, resulting in an increase of RMB0.75 in cost of sales per tonne; and (3) increased production efficiency and effective costs control under a strengthened management system partially offset the impact to the Company of the above-mentioned increases in cost of sales.

Selling, general and administration expenses ("SG&A") were RMB636.2 million in the first half of 2003, representing an increase of RMB102.9 million, or 19.3%, from RMB533.3 million of the same period last year. The increase in SG&A was mainly due to: (1) an increase in labor insurance of RMB18.191 million; (2) an increase in coal resource compensation fees of RMB20.761 million; (3) an increase in R&D expenses of RMB36.037 million; (4) an increase in supplementary medical insurance of RMB14.234 million; and (5) an increase attributable to higher production output and increased sales volume.

The Company's operating income increased RMB8.168 million, or 0.8%, to RMB1,057 million for the first six months of 2003 as compared to RMB1,048.9 million for the same period last year.

Interest expenses of the Company decreased RMB26.017 million, or 40.7%, to RMB37.971 million for the first six months of 2003 from RMB63.988 million for the same period last year. This was primarily due to the decrease in deemed interest expenses.

Income before tax increased RMB34.185 million, or 3.5%, to RMB1,019.1 million for the first six months of 2003 as compared to RMB984.9 million for the same period last year.

Net income increased RMB41.579 million, or 6.0%, to RMB738 million for the first six months of 2003 from RMB696.4 million for the same period last year.

Total assets as at 30th June 2003 decreased RMB147.7 million, or 1.1%, to RMB12,776.3 million as compared to RMB12,924.0 million as at 31st December, 2002. The decrease was a result of an offset between an increase attributable to the operation activities and a decrease after partial repayment of its long-term bank loans.

Total liabilities as at 30th June, 2003 decreased RMB586.3 million, or 20.1%, to RMB2,337.8 million as compared to RMB2,924.1 million as at 31st December, 2002. The decrease in the total liabilities was a result of partial repayment of its long-term bank loans during the reporting period .

Shareholders' equity as at 30th June 2003 increased RMB439.5 million, or 4.4%, to RMB10,434.5 million from RMB9,995.0 million as at 31st December, 2002. This was principally attributable to the increase in the retained earnings of profits arising from the Company's operation activities.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

Cash flow from operations was the Company's major source of capital during the first half of 2003. The Company's cash received for the period have been used primarily on operating activities expenditure, purchase of property, plants and equipment, payment of shareholders' dividends and partial repayment of long-term bank loans.

As at 30th June, 2003, the balance of bills and accounts receivable were RMB972.1 million, representing an increase of RMB169.2 million or 21.1% from RMB802.9 million as at 31st December, 2002. Out of the total receivables for the period, bills receivable accounted for RMB487.0 million, representing an increase of RMB247.0 million, or 102.9%, as compared to RMB240.0 million as at 31st December, 2002. Increase in bills receivable was primarily due to the increase in bank bills as a result of a substantial increase in coal sales volume. As at 30th June, 2003, accounts receivable decreased RMB77.908 million, or 13.8%, to RMB485.0 million from RMB563.0 million as at 31st December, 2002. The decrease was a result of the Company's strengthened efforts to collect its outstanding accounts receivables.

As at 30th June, 2003, inventories decreased RMB28.812 million, or 5.0%, to RMB 547.8 million from RMB576.6 million as at 31st December, 2002. Strengthened management and strict cost control effectively reduced the Company's inventories of auxiliary materials, spare parts and small tools.

Prepayment and other current assets as at 30th June 2003 decreased RMB18.621 million, or 2.5%, to RMB737.4 million as compared to RMB756.0 million as at 31st December, 2002.

Decrease in payables of materials and equipments has caused total bills and accounts payable as at 30th June 2003 to decrease RMB233.5 million, or 38.7%, to RMB369.2 million as compared to RMB602.7 million as at 31st December, 2002.

Other payables and accrued expenses increased RMB328.1 million, or 51.7%, to RMB962.9 million as at 30th June, 2003 from RMB634.8 million as at 31st December, 2002 as a result of an increase in accounts payable of dividends to shareholders and repairing expenses.

Long-term liabilities as at 30th June 2003 decreased RMB600.0 million, or 47.6%, to RMB661.3 million as compared to RMB1,261.3 million as at 31st December 2002 after an early partial repayment of some of its long-term bank loans.

In the first half of 2003, capital expenditure was RMB181.2 million. This was mainly used for the purchase of properties, machinery and equipment.

In the first half of 2003, the Company has paid RMB6.49 million to the Parent Company for the coal mining rights.

As at 30th June, 2003, the debt to equity ratio was 5.8%.

TAXATION

The Company is subject to an income tax rate of 33% on its taxable profits for the reporting period.

US GAAP RECONCILIATION

The Company's unaudited interim financial statements are prepared in accordance with IFRS, which differs in certain aspects from the US GAAP. In respect of these differences, please refer to note 39 to the interim financial statements prepared in accordance with IFRS for the period ended 30th June 2003.

OUTLOOK FOR THE SECOND HALF OF 2003

In the first half of 2003, the Company overcame the negative impact of decrease in coal price and achieved stable growth in operating results through the implementation of policies such as increasing sales volume, adjusting product structure and cost control. The demand and supply in both domestic and overseas coal markets are expected to maintain overall stability in the next half year, which will be beneficial to the Company in achieving its annual operating targets.

An increase in both supply and demand in the domestic coal market. China's GDP is estimated to increase for more than 7% in 2003 in spite of the impact of SARS on China's economic growth. The rapid and continuous growth in electricity power generation, construction and metallurgical industries will lead to a large increase in the demand for coal. It is estimated that the annual domestic coal demand will increase by 150 million tonnes, among which 95 million tonnes will be consumed by thermal power plants. The Chinese Government will continue to regulate production safety in coal mines by shutting down small coal mines which do not reach production safety standards and will further increase production safety level. Coal supply will keep pace with the increasing trend as in the first half year, which will assist in reaching an equilibrium in coal supply and demand, and to secure stable coal price. The demand and supply of thermal coal in the domestic coal market will be in equilibrium and at a stable price. The excess of coking coal demand over supply will be relieved and the coking coal price will fall slightly.

International thermal coal market is favorable to the Company in the increase of its coal export. Coking coal will be in short supply and its price will remain high. Oil price remains at a high level. Coal has an unique position in the world's energy sources. Thermal coal is over-supplied in the global coal market. Several Australian coal producers are planning to reduce their production volume due to the appreciation of Australian Dollars, the increase of freight rate and the lower price in the spot market. This may cause the coal price to increase and place the Company in an advantageous position in Northeast Asia thermal coal market. Due to the recovery of thermal coal price in the European market, there was a slight increase in the Australian BJ spot price. There is excess of coking coal demand over supply. In addition, coking coal producers in countries such as U.S.A and Canada have lowered their production, the demand for coking coal from coking coal importing countries such as Brazil and India increased, and the coking coal price remains high. This will help to stabilize the semi-soft coking coal price.

The operating result of the Company will increase steadily. The Company has signed sales contracts with Japanese customers to export 10.68 million tonnes of coal in 2003, among which, the contract volume of No. 2 clean coal increased by 730,000 tonnes and the contract volume of No. 3 clean coal decreased by 1.22 million tonnes as compared with the same period in 2002. The contract prices of both No. 2 clean and No. 3 clean coal decreased by USD1.35/tonne as compared with that of last year. The average contract price of export coal in 2003 will decrease by USD1.14/tonne, or 3.6%, as compared with the average contract price in 2002. It is estimated that the average coal export price of the Company in the second half of 2003 will be lower than that of the first half of 2003. The Company estimates that the annual total coal export volume will reach 14 million tones. It is estimated that the domestic coal sale price will remain the average price level of 2002 and sales volume will continue to increase in the second half of 2003. The unit cost will be tightly controlled to ensure that it will not be higher than that of 2002. The operating result of the Company will thereby increase steadily.

Operating strategies in the second half of 2003: (i) Increase production and enlarge sales volume. The Company will take advantage of the good reputation of its coal products in both domestic and overseas markets and continue to increase both the production and sales volume. (ii) The Company will continue to improve its product quality and implement the "Four optimizing" measures of coal sales. The Company will further improve its coal washing and selection system to upgrade the quality of its coal products. The market reputation and operating results of the Company will be further improved by optimizing the product structure, transportation method, market direction and port selection. (iii) Strengthen the management and control costs. The Company will continue to improve the mining technology and production efficiency, lower unit fixed costs, advance the bolting net supporting and auxiliary

transportation reform, and lower the consumption of materials. The Company will improve the EPR management system and reinforce the management of costs and expenses. (iv) Seek opportunities for the acquisition and development of new coal mines. The Company will make good use of its advantages in technology, market share, management, etc. to seek opportunities in domestic and overseas markets and related businesses to acquire quality coal mines and develop new coal mines. In this way the Company will enhance its profitability level and expand the business scale for sustainable development.

CHANGE IN SHARE CAPITAL STRUCTURE AND SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS

Change in Share Capital

There is no change in the total number of shares and the capital structure of the Company during this interim reporting period.

Number of shareholders as at the end of this reporting period

As at 30th June 2003, the Company had 66,978 shareholders, of which one was holder of state legal person shares, 66,841 were holders of A shares and 136 were holders of H shares.

Substantial Shareholders

(As at 30th June, 2003)

				Changes	
				in the number	
		Number of		of shares held	
		shares at the		during this	Whether
		end of this	Percentage	reporting	listed for
	Classes of	reporting	holding	period (+/-)	public dealings
Name	shares held	period	(%)	(shares)	(yes/no)
Yankuang Group Corporation Limited	State legal	1,670,000,000	58.19	0	No
	person shares				
HKSCC Nominees Limited	H shares	1,017,431,999	35.45	172,000	Yes
Fenghe Value Securities Investment Fund	A shares	5,799,366	0.20	2,324,000	Yes
Yulong Securities Investment Fund	A shares	5,179,207	0.18	5,179,207	Yes
Yinfeng Securities Investment Fund	A shares	3,686,104	0.13	2,083,300	Yes
Fuguo Securities Investment Fund	A shares	2,735,192	0.10	1,936,662	Yes
Jingbo Securities Investment Fund	A shares	1,935,000	0.07	1,935,000	Yes
Tongsheng Securities Investment Fund	A shares	1,906,534	0.07	1,906,534	Yes
Taihe Securities Investment Fund	A shares	1,825,363	0.06	1,534,023	Yes
Dongfeng Automobile Co., Ltd	A shares	1,779,748	0.06	0	Yes

Note: The above top 10 shareholders information was prepared according to the Registers of Members as at 30th June, 2003 which were provided by China Securities Depository and Clearing Corporation Limited Shanghai Branch and Hong Kong Registrars Limited.

Pursuant to the China Securities Act, save as disclosed above, no other shareholders were recorded in the register as at 30th June, 2003 as having an interest of 5% or more of the Company's public shares.

None of the shares held by Yankuang Group Corporation Ltd. (the "Parent Company") was pledged, locked up or held under trust during the period under review. It is uncertain as to whether the shares held by the other top 10 shareholders were pledged, locked up or held under trust.

Changes

As the clearing and settlement agent for the Company's H shares, HKSCC Nominees Limited held the Company's H shares in a nominee capacity.

Among the top 10 shareholders, the fund manager of Fenghe Value Securities Investment Fund and Taihe Securities Investment Fund is Jiashi Fund Administration Co., Ltd. Related party relationships and concert actions among the eight other top 10 shareholders are not known.

Dongfeng Automobile Co., Ltd. became one of the top 10 shareholders of the Company through a subscription for new A shares in 2001. The agreed period of holding shares was from 3rd January, 2001 to 20th May, 2001.

During the period under review, there is no change in the controlling shareholder or person in actual control of the Company.

As at 30th June 2003, the following persons (other than a director, chief executive or supervisor of the Company) had interests in the shares and underlying shares of the Company as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under section 336 of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (the "SFO").

Name of shareholder	Shares	Number of shares held	Approximate percentage shareholding of total issued share capital	Approximate percentage shareholding of total issued domestic shares	Approximate percentage shareholding of total issued H Shares
Yankuang Group Corporation Limited	State legal person shares	1,670,000,000 ^(L)	58.19%	90.27%	-
J.P. Morgan Chase & Co. (Note 1)	H Shares	204,081,125 ^(L) (Note 2)	7.11%	-	20.01%
Capital Group Companies, Inc. (Notes 3 and 4)	H Shares	113,338,000 ^(L)	3.95%	-	11.11%

Notes:

- J.P. Morgan Chase & Co. is taken to be interested in 20.01% of the Company's total H shares through the following companies:
 - (a) 103,412,900 H shares (representing approximately 10.14% of the Company's total H shares) held by JPMorgan Chase Bank, which is beneficially wholly-owned by J.P. Morgan Chase & Co.
 - (b) 698,000 H shares (representing approximately 0.07% of the Company's total H shares) held by J.P. Morgan Whitefriars Inc., which is beneficially wholly-owned by J.P. Morgan Chase & Co.
 - (c) 95,654,000 H shares (representing approximately 9.38% of the Company's total H shares) held by JF Asset Management Limited, which is approximately 99.99% owned by J.P. Morgan Chase & Co.
 - (d) 781,225 H shares (representing approximately 0.08% of the Company's total H shares) held by J.P. Morgan (Suisse) SA, which is beneficially wholly-owned by J.P. Morgan Chase & Co.
 - (e) 534,000 H shares (representing approximately 0.05% of the Company's total H shares) held by JF International Management Inc., which is beneficially wholly-owned by J.P. Morgan Chase & Co.

- (f) 3,000,000 H shares (representing approximately 0.29% of the Company's total H shares) held by JF Asset Management (Singapore) Limited, which is beneficially wholly-owned by J.P. Morgan Chase & Co.
- (g) 1,000 H shares (representing approximately 0.0001% of the Company's total H shares) held by J.P. Morgan Securities Ltd., which is approximately 90% owned by J.P Morgan Chase & Co.
- 2. It includes an interest in a lending pool comprising 103,412,900 H shares (representing approximately 10.14% of the Company's total H shares).
- 3. Capital Group Companies, Inc. held such interest in the capacity as an investment manager and is taken to be interested in approximately 11.11% of the total H shares through the following companies:
 - (a) 31,938,000 H shares (representing approximately 3.13% of the Company's total H shares) held by Capital International, Inc., which is beneficially wholly-owned by Capital Group Companies, Inc.
 - (b) 81,400,000 H shares (representing approximately 7.98% of the Company's total H shares) held by Capital Research and Management Co., which is beneficially wholly-owned by Capital Group Companies, Inc.
- 4. The information disclosed is based on the information available on the website of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited.
- 5. The letter "L" denotes a long position in shares.

Save as disclosed herein, as at 30th June 2003, no other person (other than a director, chief executive or supervisor of the Company) had an interest or a short position in the shares and underlying shares of the Company as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under section 336 of the SFO.

DIRECTORS' AND SUPERVISORS' INTERESTS

As at 30th June, 2003 the Company's directors and supervisors held in aggregate 70,000 A shares in the Company, representing 0.0024% of the Company's total issued shares. During the period under review, there was no change in the shareholding of the directors, chief executive, and supervisors of the Company. Details are as follows:

Mo Liqi Beneficial owner Chairman of the board 10,000 Yang Deyu Beneficial owner Vice Chairman of the Board and General Manger 10,000 Geng Jiahuai – Director 0 Wang Bangjun Beneficial owner Director 10,000 Yu Xuezhi – Director and Vice General Manger 0 Yang Jiachun Beneficial owner Director 10,000				Number of domestic
Mo Liqi Beneficial owner Chairman of the board 10,000 Yang Deyu Beneficial owner Vice Chairman of the Board and General Manger 10,000 Geng Jiahuai - Director 0 Wang Bangjun Beneficial owner Director 10,000 Yu Xuezhi - Director and Vice General Manger 0 Yang Jiachun Beneficial owner Director 10,000 Wu Yuxiang Beneficial owner Director and Chief Financial Officer 10,000 Dong Yunqing - Director 0 Fan Weitang - Independent and Non-executive Director 0 Cui Jianming - Independent and Non-executive Director 0	Name	Capacity	Title	hares held at the end of
Yang Deyu Beneficial owner Vice Chairman of the Board and General Manger 10,000 Geng Jiahuai — Director 0 Wang Bangjun Beneficial owner Director 10,000 Yu Xuezhi — Director and Vice General Manger 0 Yang Jiachun Beneficial owner Director 10,000 Wu Yuxiang Beneficial owner Director and Chief Financial Officer 10,000 Dong Yunqing — Director 0 Fan Weitang — Independent and Non-executive Director 0 Cui Jianming — Independent and Non-executive Director 0				this reporting period
Yang Deyu Beneficial owner Vice Chairman of the Board and General Manger 10,000 Geng Jiahuai — Director 0 Wang Bangjun Beneficial owner Director 10,000 Yu Xuezhi — Director and Vice General Manger 0 Yang Jiachun Beneficial owner Director 10,000 Wu Yuxiang Beneficial owner Director and Chief Financial Officer 10,000 Dong Yunqing — Director 0 Fan Weitang — Independent and Non-executive Director 0 Cui Jianming — Independent and Non-executive Director 0				
Geng Jiahuai—Director0Wang BangjunBeneficial ownerDirector10,000Yu Xuezhi—Director and Vice General Manger0Yang JiachunBeneficial ownerDirector10,000Wu YuxiangBeneficial ownerDirector and Chief Financial Officer10,000Dong Yunqing—Director0Fan Weitang—Independent and Non-executive Director0Cui Jianming—Independent and Non-executive Director0	Mo Liqi	Beneficial owner	Chairman of the board	10,000
Wang BangjunBeneficial ownerDirector10,000Yu Xuezhi—Director and Vice General Manger0Yang JiachunBeneficial ownerDirector10,000Wu YuxiangBeneficial ownerDirector and Chief Financial Officer10,000Dong Yunqing—Director0Fan Weitang—Independent and Non-executive Director0Cui Jianming—Independent and Non-executive Director0	Yang Deyu	Beneficial owner	Vice Chairman of the Board and General Ma	nger 10,000
Yu Xuezhi-Director and Vice General Manger0Yang JiachunBeneficial ownerDirector10,000Wu YuxiangBeneficial ownerDirector and Chief Financial Officer10,000Dong Yunqing-Director0Fan Weitang-Independent and Non-executive Director0Cui Jianming-Independent and Non-executive Director0	Geng Jiahuai	_	Director	0
Yang JiachunBeneficial ownerDirector10,000Wu YuxiangBeneficial ownerDirector and Chief Financial Officer10,000Dong Yunqing-Director0Fan Weitang-Independent and Non-executive Director0Cui Jianming-Independent and Non-executive Director0	Wang Bangjun	Beneficial owner	Director	10,000
Wu YuxiangBeneficial ownerDirector and Chief Financial Officer10,000Dong Yunqing-Director0Fan Weitang-Independent and Non-executive Director0Cui Jianming-Independent and Non-executive Director0	Yu Xuezhi	_	Director and Vice General Manger	0
Dong Yunqing-Director0Fan Weitang-Independent and Non-executive Director0Cui Jianming-Independent and Non-executive Director0	Yang Jiachun	Beneficial owner	Director	10,000
Fan Weitang – Independent and Non-executive Director 0 Cui Jianming – Independent and Non-executive Director 0	Wu Yuxiang	Beneficial owner	Director and Chief Financial Officer	10,000
Cui Jianming – Independent and Non-executive Director 0	Dong Yunqing	_	Director	0
·	Fan Weitang	_	Independent and Non-executive Director	0
Wangxiaojun – Independent and Non-executive Director 0	Cui Jianming	_	Independent and Non-executive Director	0
	Wangxiaojun	_	Independent and Non-executive Director	0
Meng Xianchang Beneficial owner Chairman of the Supervisor Committee 10,000	Meng Xianchang	Beneficial owner	Chairman of the Supervisor Committee	10,000
Xiao Shuzhang Beneficial owner Supervisor 10,000	Xiao Shuzhang	Beneficial owner	Supervisor	10,000
Zhang Shengdong – Supervisor 0	Zhang Shengdong	_	Supervisor	0
Liu Weixin – Supervisor 0	Liu Weixin	-	Supervisor	0
Xu Bentai – Supervisor 0	Xu Bentai	_	Supervisor	0

All the interests disclosed above represent long position in the shares of the Company.

Number of demostic

Save as disclosed above, as at 30th June 2003, none of the directors, supervisors or chief executive of the Company had any interests or short positions in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) (i) as recorded in the register required to be kept under section 352 of the SFO; or (ii) as otherwise notified to the Company and The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Companies (which shall be deemed to apply to the Company's supervisors to the same extent as it applies to the Company's directors). The Company has not granted to any of its directors, chief executives or supervisors or their spouses or children under 18 years of age any right to subscribe for equity or debts securities of the Company.

DISCLOSURE OF SIGNIFICANT EVENTS

Final Dividends

At the 2002 annual general meeting of the Company held on 27th June, 2003, the shareholders of the Company approved a final dividend of RMB298.48 million (including tax), or RMB0.104 per share (including tax) to be declared and paid to the shareholders. Such final dividend had been paid to shareholders of the Company on 18th July, 2003.

Interim Dividends

There will be no payment of interim dividends to the shareholders of the Company. Conversion of surplus reserves into shares of capital will not take place.

CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

The Company's connected transactions during the first half of 2003 are set out in note 49 to the financial statements prepared in accordance with PRC GAAP.

The second supplemental agreement to the materials and services supply agreement was entered into between the Company and the Parent Company on 29th May, 2003 (the "Second Supplemental Agreement"), contents of the agreement were disclosed in the circular to shareholders dated 30th May, 2003, and came into effect after the approval by independent shareholders at the annual general meeting for the year 2002 held on 27th June, 2003.

The Materials and Services Supply Agreement dated 17th October 1997, the Supplemental Agreement dated 30th October 2001 (both entered into between the Company and the Parent Company and contents of such agreements were disclosed in the combined offering prospectus dated 24th March, 1998 and the circular to shareholders dated 22nd November, 2001 respectively) and the Second Supplement Agreement defined the on-going supply of materials and services between the Company and the Parent Company.

The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Hong Kong Stock Exchange") has on 11th July, 2003 granted a conditional waiver (the "Waiver") to the Company from strict compliance with the requirements of disclosure by way of press announcement and shareholders' approval as stipulated in the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Listing Rules") in respect of the connected transactions in accordance with the above agreements between the Company and the Parent Company for a period of three financial years ending 31st December, 2005. The upper limits of the Waiver were as follows: the value of connected transactions relating to the provision of materials and services by the Company to the Parent Company shall not exceed 13% of the Company's audited consolidated net sales in the immediately preceding financial year, and the value of connected transactions relating to the provision of materials and services by the Parent Company to the Company shall not exceed 26% of the Company's audited consolidated net sales in the immediate preceding financial year.

The on-going connected transactions in accordance with above agreements shall be: (1) entered into by the Company in the ordinary and usual course of its business; (2) conducted either on normal commercial terms, or where there is no available comparison, on terms that are fair and reasonable so far as the Company and its subsidiary, and the shareholders of the Company are concerned; and (3) entered into either in accordance with the terms of the above agreements, or where there are no such agreements, on terms no less favorable than those available to or from independent third parties. The Independent Non-executive Directors and auditors of the Company shall review the above-mentioned on-going connected transactions annually.

Investment for Establishment of Jining Sihe Port

The Company's board of directors held a meeting on 11th April, 2003, at which a resolution has been passed to approve the opening of an inland river route connecting Jining III coal mine to the Jinghang Grand Canal by the construction of the Jining Sihe Coal Port which is adjacent to Jining III coal mine.

The handling capacity of the Jining Sihe Coal Port is expected to be 5 million tonnes per year. Its construction consists of two phases. The first phase of this project will mainly include a dock with loading capacity of 1,000 tonnes and a coal stockpile of 180 thousand tonnes. Its handling capacity is expected to be 3 million tonnes per year. Depending on the operation of the first phase of the Jining Sihe Coal Port, the Company may carry out feasibility study on, and the construction of, the second phase of the project.

Construction of the first phase of the Jining Sihe Coal Port has already commenced and is expected to be completed before the end of 2003. The estimated investment for the construction of the first phase of the Jining Sihe Coal Port is RMB250 million. The Company will use its internal capital resources to construct the Jining Sihe Coal Port.

Acquisition of equity interest in Zoucheng Nanmei Shipping Co., Ltd.

An Equity Transfer Agreement was entered into between the Company and Nantun Coal Mine Staff Labor and Service Company (the "Labor Company") after its approval by a meeting of the Board of Directors held on 15th August, 2003. According to the Equity Transfer Agreement, the Company will acquire an 80% equity interest in Zoucheng Nanmei Shipping Co., Ltd. from the Labor Company. The consideration is approximately RMB10.164 million and will be satisfied by the Company's internal capital resources. Details can be found in the announcement in domestic *China Securities, Shanghai Securities*, and *Wen Wei Po* and *South China Morning Post* of Hong Kong on 18th August, 2003.

Borrowing

The Company entered into a long term borrowing contract (the "Borrowing Contract") with the Bank of China on 3rd December, 2001 and borrowed RMB1.2 billion from the Bank of China on 4th January, 2002. The loan was applied to finance the acquisition of Railway Assets from the Parent Company.

The Borrowing Contract stipulates that the interest rate of the loan is 6.21% per annum, subject to adjustment in accordance with the adjustment of statutory interest rate or method of calculation of interest made by the State during the term of the Borrowing Contract. According to the newest statutory interest rate announced by The People's Bank of China, the interest rate of the loan has been adjusted to 5.76% per annum from 1st January, 2003.

The loan period commenced on the date of the signing of the Borrowing Contract and will expire on the date on which the last instalment of principal and interest is repaid, which should be no more than 96 months. The Company has made an earlier repayment of RMB600 million to the Bank of China on 30th June, 2003.

Details for borrowings are set out in note 28 to the financial statements prepared in accordance with IFRS contained herein.

Material Contracts

The second supplemental agreement to the materials and services supply agreement was entered into between the Company and the Parent Company on 29th May, 2003. The details are set out in the "Connected Transactions" section above.

Save as disclosed above, the Company was not a party to any other material contract during the six months ended 30th June, 2003.

Purchase, Sale or Redemption of Shares

During the six months ended 30th June, 2003, the Company or any of its subsidiaries did not purchase, sell or redeem any of its shares.

Compliance with Code of Best Practice

None of the directors of the Company is aware of information that would reasonably indicate that the Company is not, or was not for any part of the six months ended 30th June, 2003, in compliance with the Code of Best Practice set out in Appendix 14 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited.

Impact of the Exchange Rate Fluctuation on the Company

Coal exports of the Company are all settled in US dollars. China adopts a floating exchange rate which is under the State's supervision. During the period under review, exchange rate from RMB to US dollars varied slightly and has no main influence on the Company.

Change of place of business in Hong Kong

The Company's place of business in Hong Kong has been changed to Rooms 805-808, Alexandra House, 16-20 Chater Road, Central, Hong Kong on 28th July, 2003.

Employees

As at 30th June, 2003, the Company had 28,138 employees, of whom 1,795 were administrative personnel, 881 were technicians, 21,651 were directly involved in coal production and 3,811 were supporting staff.

Material Litigation and Arbitration

The Company was not involved in any material litigation and arbitration during the period of this report.

Auditors

The Company retained Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu Certified Public Accountants Ltd. (certified public accountants in the PRC (excluding Hong Kong)) and Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu (certified public accountants in Hong Kong) as its domestic and international auditors, respectively.

DOCUMENTS AVAILABLE FOR INSPECTION

The following documents are available for inspection in the office of the secretary to the Board of Directors of the Company at 40 Fushan Road, Zoucheng, Shandong Province, PRC:

- the full text of the interim report signed by the Chairman;
- financial statements signed by legal representative, responsible person of the accountancy work and responsible person of the accounting department;
- all documents which were disclosed during the period of this report in newspapers designated by the China Securities Regulatory Commission;
- the Articles of Association of the Company;
- the full text of the interim report released in other securities markets.

On behalf of the Board

Chairman

Mo Liqi

15th August, 2003

Zoucheng, People's Republic of China

INTERIM RESULTS

(i) Financial Information under PRC GAAP

BALANCE SHEET

AT JUNE 30, 2003

	The	Group	The Company		
	June	December	June	December	
	30, 2003	31, 2002	30, 2003	31, 2002	
NOTES	RMB	RMB	RMB	RMB	
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)	(Unaudited)	(Audited)	
ASSETS					
CURRENT ASSETS:					
Bank balances and cash 5	1,489,518,337	1,595,933,728	1,484,844,068	1,592,397,958	
Current investments 6	188,702,100	88,702,100	188,702,100	88,702,100	
Notes receivable 7	531,047,240	239,974,223	531,047,240	239,974,223	
Dividends receivable	_	_	_	655,479	
Accounts receivable 8	485,865,165	573,446,193	485,865,165	573,446,193	
Other receivables 9	232,891,193	223,141,786	232,168,498	222,698,314	
Prepayments 11	139,955,524	146,339,631	139,295,792	145,812,599	
Subsidies receivable 12	312,267,343	342,595,878	312,267,343	342,595,878	
Inventories 13	547,766,503	576,579,303	543,070,603	569,496,944	
Deferred expenses 14	104,749,202	110,560,888	104,749,203	110,560,888	
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	4,032,762,607	3,897,273,730	4,022,010,012	3,886,340,576	
LONG-TERM EQUITY					
INVESTMENTS 15/50(1)	31,897,684	31,897,684	36,296,705	36,672,090	
FIXED ASSETS:					
Fixed assets – cost 16	13,608,814,509	13,632,796,969	13,607,993,686	13,631,983,945	
Less: Accumulated	-,,- ,- ,-	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	-,,,,	, , , , , , , , , , , ,	
depreciation 16	5,933,504,792	5,480,779,065	5,933,227,796	5,480,563,829	
Fixed assets – net book value 16	7,675,309,717	8,152,017,904	7,674,765,890	8,151,420,116	
Materials for constructing					
fixed assets 17	1,837,241	1,899,659	1,837,241	1,899,659	
Fixed assets under		, ,			
construction 18	278,395,275	123,022,757	278,395,275	123,022,757	
TOTAL FIXED ASSETS	7,955,542,233	8,276,940,320	7,954,998,406	8,276,342,532	
INTANGIBLE ASSETS 19	802,999,924	777,436,629	802,999,924	777,436,629	
TOTAL ASSETS	12,823,202,448	12,983,548,363	12,816,305,047	12,976,791,827	

Notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

BALANCE SHEET – continued

AT JUNE 30, 2003

,		The	Group	The Company		
		June	December	June	December	
		30, 2003	31, 2002	30, 2003	31, 2002	
	NOTES	RMB	RMB	RMB	RMB	
		(Unaudited)	(Audited)	(Unaudited)	(Audited)	
LIABILITIES AND						
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY						
CURRENT LIABILITIES:						
Notes payable	20	15,000,000	108,001,674	15,000,000	108,001,674	
Accounts payable	21	387,992,407	557,175,701	389,030,755	556,939,363	
Advances from customers	22	216,975,231	171,826,093	214,757,891	170,508,547	
Salaries and wages payable		46,380,714	46,389,189	46,380,714	46,389,189	
Dividends payable	23	124,800,000	298,480,000	124,800,000	298,480,000	
Taxes payable	24	325,742,478	206,139,942	324,896,675	206,021,490	
Other payables	25	339,278,494	542,999,385	338,405,151	542,851,634	
Accrued expenses	26	148,937,007	_	148,937,007	-	
Provisions	27	141,734,530	83,043,947	141,734,530	83,043,947	
Long-term payable due						
within one year	28	13,247,800	13,247,800	13,247,800	13,247,800	
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES		1,760,088,661	2,027,303,731	1,757,190,523	2,025,483,644	
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES:						
Long-term loan	29	600,000,000	1,200,000,000	600,000,000	1,200,000,000	
Long-term payable	28	92,735,160	92,735,160	92,735,160	92,735,160	
TOTAL LONG-TERM LIABILITI	ES	692,735,160	1,292,735,160	692,735,160	1,292,735,160	
TOTAL LIABILITIES		2,452,823,821	3,320,038,891	2,449,925,683	3,318,218,804	
MINORITY INTEREST		3,999,263	4,936,449	-	_	
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY:						
Share capital	30	2,870,000,000	2,870,000,000	2,870,000,000	2,870,000,000	
Capital reserves	31	4,585,557,170	4,454,521,340	4,585,557,170	4,454,521,340	
Surplus reserves	32	582,343,347	582,343,347	582,179,477	582,179,477	
Including: Statutory common						
welfare fund		194,141,761	194,141,761	194,059,826	194,059,826	
Retained earnings	33	2,328,478,847	1,751,708,336	2,328,642,717	1,751,872,206	
TOTAL SHAREHOLDERS'						
EQUITY		10,366,379,364	9,658,573,023	10,366,379,364	9,658,573,023	
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND						
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		12,823,202,448	12,983,548,363	12,816,305,047	12,976,791,827	

Notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

Company: Yanzhou Coal Mining Company Limited

Legal representative The person in charge of The person in charge of

accountancy work the accounting department

Mo Li Qi Wu Yu Xiang Zhang Bao Cai

STATEMENT OF INCOME AND PROFITS APPROPRIATION

FOR THE PERIOD FROM JANUARY 1, 2003 TO JUNE 30, 2003

		Group ended June 30,	The Company Six months ended June 30,		
NOTES	2003	2002	2003	2002	
	RMB	RMB	RMB	RMB	
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	
Revenue from principal operations 34 Less: Cost of principal operations 35 Sales taxes and surcharges 36	4,427,879,818	3,780,370,046	4,427,879,818	3,780,370,046	
	1,999,944,009	1,572,614,620	2,000,043,993	1,578,679,680	
	53,654,994	50,489,605	53,654,994	50,367,046	
Profit from principal operations Add: Profits from other operations 37 Less: Operating expenses 38 General and administrative expenses	2,374,280,815	2,157,265,821	2,374,180,831	2,151,323,320	
	33,280,264	19,257,160	29,154,080	14,852,699	
	903,853,042	781,281,891	902,550,577	777,461,546	
	599,243,171	485,864,557	598,685,387	485,349,056	
Financial expenses 39 Operating profit Add: Investment income 40/50(2) Subsidy income 41 Non-operating income 42 Less: Non-operating expenses 43	28,122,556	30,995,763	28,129,884	31,006,049	
	876,342,310	878,380,770	873,969,063	872,359,368	
	1,478,333	-	2,389,488	2,831,482	
	4,495,207	-	4,495,207	-	
	3,771,816	1,750,353	3,673,897	1,750,353	
	8,858,613	4,496,573	8,855,669	4,490,260	
Total profits Less: Income taxes 44 Minority interest	877,229,053 299,630,188 828,354	875,634,550 288,114,506 2,574,132	875,671,986 298,901,475	872,450,943 287,505,031	
Net profit Add: Retained earnings at the beginning of the year 33	576,770,511	584,945,912	576,770,511	584,945,912	
	1,751,708,336	1,197,704,033	1,751,872,206	1,197,704,033	
Profits available for appropriation Less: Appropriations to statutory common reserve fund 33 Appropriations to statutory common welfare fund 33	2,328,478,847 - -	1,782,649,945 - -	2,328,642,717	1,782,649,945 - -	
Profits available for appropriation to shareholders Less: Ordinary share dividend 33	2,328,478,847 -	1,782,649,945 -	2,328,642,717 -	1,782,649,945	
Retained earnings at the end of the period	2,328,478,847	1,782,649,945	2,328,642,717	1,782,649,945	

Notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

Company: Yanzhou Coal Mining Company Limited

Legal representative The person in charge of The person in charge of accountancy work the accounting department

Mo Li Qi Wu Yu Xiang Zhang Bao Cai

CASH FLOW STATEMENT

FOR THE PERIOD FROM JANUARY 1, 2003 TO JUNE 30, 2003

	NOTES				Company ended June 30, 2002 RMB (Unaudited)
1.	CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Cash received from sales of goods or rendering of services	4,642,462,613	3,807,684,143	4,639,905,784	3,785,967,455
	Refunds of taxes Other cash received relating	30,328,535	58,434,312	30,328,535	58,434,312
	to operating activities 45	409,827,282	587,832,787	405,463,079	586,945,385
	Sub-total of cash inflows	5,082,618,430	4,453,951,242	5,075,697,398	4,431,347,152
	Cash paid for goods and services Cash paid to and on behalf of employees Taxes and surcharges paid Other cash paid relating	1,218,058,233 712,538,024 419,437,390	1,032,690,284 554,689,034 445,521,803	1,217,630,740 712,357,026 419,266,799	1,038,809,912 554,649,094 422,569,346
	to operating activities 46	1,867,539,413	1,348,961,563	1,866,251,321	1,344,688,192
	Sub-total of cash outflows	4,217,573,060	3,381,862,684	4,215,505,886	3,360,716,544
	NET CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	865,045,370	1,072,088,558	860,191,512	1,070,630,608
2.	CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Cash received from the returns of investments Net cash received from disposal of fixed assets and other long-term assets	1,478,333 12,797,732	9,816,882	3,420,352 12,797,732	651,148 9,816,882
	Cash received from acquisition of a subsidiary	_	141,575	_	141,575
	Reduction of bank deposit	14,355,083	-	14,355,083	141,575
	Sub-total of cash inflows	28,631,148	9,958,457	30,573,167	10,609,605
	Cash paid to acquire fixed assets and other long-term assets Cash paid for investments Cash paid for acquisition	248,817,286 100,000,000	59,851,672 40,000,000	248,809,486 100,000,000	59,851,672 40,000,000
	of Jining III Cash paid for acquisition of	-	550,000,000	_	550,000,000
	Railway Assets		1,242,585,915	_	1,242,585,915
	Sub-total of cash outflows	348,817,286	1,892,437,587	348,809,486	1,892,437,587
	NET CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(320,186,138)	(1,882,479,130)	(318,236,319)	(1,881,827,982)
3.	CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Cash received from borrowings	_	1,200,000,000	_	1,200,000,000
	Sub-total of cash inflows	_	1,200,000,000	-	1,200,000,000
	Repayments of borrowings Dividends paid Dividends paid to minority	600,000,000		600,000,000	287,000,000
	shareholder of a subsidiary Cash paid for interest expenses	1,765,540 35,154,000	591,975 43,304,961	35,154,000	43,304,961
	Sub-total of cash outflows	636,919,540	330,896,936	635,154,000	330,304,961
	NET CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(636,919,540)	869,103,064	(635,154,000)	869,695,039
4.	EFFECT OF FOREIGN EXCHANGE RATE CHANGES ON CASH	-	_	-	
5.	NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(92,060,308)	58,712,492	(93,198,807)	58,497,665

Notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

CASH FLOW STATEMENT – continued

FOR THE PERIOD FROM JANUARY 1, 2003 TO JUNE 30, 2003

	NOTES		Group nded June 30, 2002 RMB (Unaudited)		Company ended June 30, 2002 RMB (Unaudited)
SUF	PPLEMENTAL INFORMATION:				
1.	RECONCILIATION OF NET PROFIT TO NET CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:				
	Net profit Add: Minority interest Provision for impairment	576,770,511 828,354	584,945,912 2,574,132	576,770,511 -	584,945,912 -
	losses of assets Depreciation of fixed assets Provision for Wei Jian Fei	30,234,601 487,975,862 131,035,830	35,022,260 433,840,496 115,784,850	30,234,601 487,914,101 131,035,830	35,022,260 433,809,932 115,784,850
	Amortization of intangible assets and other assets Losses on disposal of fixed assets and other	14,436,705	9,979,210	14,436,705	9,979,210
	long-term assets Decrease(increase) in	1,813,779	932,125	1,813,779	932,125
	deferred expenses Increase(decrease) in	5,811,686	(101,306,543)	5,811,686	(101,306,543)
	accrued expenses Financial expenses Loss (profit) on investment	108,937,007 35,154,000 (1,478,333)	39,634,061 43,304,961 -	108,937,007 35,154,000 (2,389,488)	39,634,061 43,304,961 (2,831,482)
	Decrease (increase) in inventories Decrease (increase) in	28,812,800	(181,985,730)	26,426,341	(190,229,624)
	receivables under operating activities Increase (decrease) in	(208,656,355)	(17,645,209)	(208,244,433)	(9,487,155)
	payables under operating activities	(346,631,077)	107,008,033	(347,709,128)	111,072,101
	NET CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	865,045,370	1,072,088,558	860,191,512	1,070,630,608
2.	INVESTING AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES THAT DO NOT INVOLVE CASH RECEIPTS AND PAYMENTS Deducting the dividend payable to the holding company from the receivables	173,680,000		173,680,000	
3.	NET INCREASE IN CASH	175,000,000		175,000,000	
	AND CASH EQUIVALENTS: Cash at the end of the period 47/50(3) Less: Cash at the beginning	1,452,112,824	1,183,518,834	1,447,438,555	1,178,653,589
	of the period	1,544,173,132	1,124,806,342	1,540,637,362	1,120,155,924
	NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(92,060,308)	58,712,492	(93,198,807)	58,497,665

Notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

Company: Yanzhou Coal Mining Company Limited

Legal representative The person in charge of accountancy work

The person in charge of the accounting department

Mo Li Qi Wu Yu Xiang Zhang Bao Cai

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE PERIOD FROM JANUARY 1, 2003 TO JUNE 30, 2003

GENERAL

Yanzhou Coal Mining Company Limited (the "Company") is a Sino-foreign joint stock company with limited liability in the People's Republic of China (the "PRC"). The Company was established on September 25, 1997 by Yankuang Group Corporation Limited (the "Yankuang Group") and commenced operations on October 1, 1997. The A Shares, H Shares and American Depository Shares issued by the Company are listed on the stock exchanges in Shanghai, Hong Kong and New York, respectively. The principal operations of the Company are the mining and screening of coal, sales of coal products and coal transportation service.

The Company's total share capital is RMB2,870,000,000, including RMB1,670,000,000 (representing 58.19% of the total share capital) state legal person shares; RMB1,020,000,000 (representing 35.54% of the total share capital) H Shares and American Depository Shares listed on overseas stock exchange; and RMB180,000,000 (representing 6.27% of the total share capital) A Share listed on domestic stock exchange. Details of the Company's share capital are set out in note 30 to the financial statements.

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES

Accounting system

The Company adopts the "Accounting Standards for Business Enterprises", "Accounting System for Business Enterprises" and the supplementary regulations thereto.

Accounting year

The Company has adopted the calendar year as its accounting year, i.e. from January 1 to December 31. The accounting period for these financial statements is from January 1, 2003 to June 30, 2003.

Reporting currency

The recording currency of the Company is Renminbi.

Basis of accounting and principle of measurement

The Company adopts the accrual basis of accounting and uses the historical cost convention as the principle of measurement.

Foreign currency translation

Transactions denominated in foreign currencies are translated into Renminbi at the applicable rates of exchange ("market exchange rate") prevailing at the dates of transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into Renminbi at the market exchange rate prevailing at the balance sheet date. Exchange gains or losses incurred on a specific borrowing for the acquisition or construction of a fixed asset are capitalized as part of the cost of fixed asset before the fixed asset has reached working condition for its intended use; other exchange gains or losses are dealt with as finance costs.

Cash equivalents

Cash equivalents are short-term, highly liquid investments of maturities within 3 months that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

Accounting for bad sebts

1) Criteria for recognition of bad debts

The irrecoverable amount of a bankrupt debtor after pursuing the statutory procedures;

The irrecoverable amount of a debtor who has deceased and has insufficient estate to repay;

The amount owed by a debtor who is unable to repay the obligations after the debts fall due, and the amount is irrecoverable or unlikely to be recovered as demonstrated by sufficient evidence.

2) Accounting treatment for bad debt losses

Bad debt is accounted for using allowance method and provided according to the recoverability of receivables at the year-end. The appropriate percentages of provision for bad debts relating to significant receivable accounts are reasonably determined based on relevant information such as past experience, actual financial position and cash flows of the debtors, as well as other relevant information. General provision for the remaining receivables is estimated according to aging analysis.

Bad debt provision is estimated according to closing balance of accounts receivable (excluding amounts due from related parties) and other receivables (excluding amounts due from related parties and deposit on packaging materials for long-term use) as follows:

Age of Receivables	Percentage of bad debt provision
Within 1 year (including 1 year)	4%
1-2 years	30%
2-3 years	50%
Over 3 years	100%

Inventories

Inventories are initially recorded at cost. The cost of inventories comprises all costs of purchase, costs of convention and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. Inventories mainly include raw materials, work in progress and finished goods.

Inventories are accounted for using actual costing method. In determining the cost of inventories transferred out or issued for use, the actual costs of raw materials and finished goods are determined by the moving average and weighted average method, respectively.

Provision for decline in value of inventories

Inventories are measured at the lower of cost and net realizable value at the end of a period. Where the net realizable value is lower than the cost, the difference is recognized as provision for decline in value. Provision for decline in value of inventories is made by comparing cost with net realizable value on an individual item basis.

Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs to completion and the estimated expenses and related taxes necessary to make the sale.

Current investments

A current investment is initially recorded at its cost of acquisition. The initial cost of an investment is the total price paid on acquisition, including incidental expenses such as tax payments and handling charges. However, cash dividends declared but unpaid or bonds interests due but unpaid are accounted for separately as receivable items.

Cash dividends or interest on current investments, other than those recorded as receivable items as noted in the preceding paragraph, are offset against the carrying amount of investments upon receipt.

Current investments are carried at the lower of cost and market value at the end of each period. Provision on current investments is calculated and determined on the basis of individual investment.

On disposal of a current investment, the difference between the carrying amount of the investment and the sales proceeds actually received is recognized as an investment gain or loss in the current period.

Designated deposit

Designated deposit represents an instructed deposit with an authorized lending institution which lends the deposit to third party and are accounted for at the actual amount lent out. Interest income from such loans is accrued at the interest rate specified in the loan agreement and recognized in the income statement on a time basis. Accruing interest is stopped if that interest cannot be collected on due dates, and any interest that has previously been accrued is reversed. Designated deposit is carried at the lower of cost and recoverable amount at the end of each period. Where the recoverable amount is lower than the principal amount of a designated deposit, the difference is recognized as a provision for impairment loss.

Recoverable Amount

Recoverable amount is the higher of (a) an asset's net selling price and (b) the present value of estimated future cash flows expected to arise from the continuing use of the asset and from its disposal at the end of its useful life. Net selling price refers to the selling price of the asset less the cost of disposal.

Long-term investments

(1) Accounting treatment for long-term investments

 $\ensuremath{\mathsf{A}}$ long-term investment is initially recorded at its cost on acquisition.

The cost method is used to account for a long-term equity investment when the Company does not have control, joint control or significant influence over the investee enterprise. The equity method is used when the Company can control, jointly control or has significant influence over the investee enterprise.

When the cost method is adopted, the amount of investment income recognized is limited to the amount distributed out of accumulated net profits of the investee enterprise that arose after the investment has been made. The amount of profits or cash dividends declared by the investee enterprise in excess of the above threshold is treated as return of investment cost, and the carrying amount of the investment is reduced accordingly.

When the equity method is adopted, the investment income for current period is recognized according to its attributable share of the net profit or loss of the investee enterprises. The attributable share of net losses incurred by the investee enterprise is recognized to the extent that the carrying amount of the investment is reduced to zero. If the investee enterprise realizes net profits in subsequent periods, the carrying amount of the investment is resumed by the excess of the Company's attributable share of profits over the share of unrecognized losses.

Long-term investments - continued

(1) Accounting treatment for long-term investments – continued

When a long-term equity investment is accounted for using the equity method, the difference between the initial investment cost of the Company and its share of owners' equity of the investee enterprise is accounted for as equity investment difference and amortised on a straight-line basis over the investment period and charged to the income statement accordingly.

(2) Impairment of long-term investments

If the recoverable amount of any long-term investment is lower than the carrying amount of that investment as a result of a continuing decline in market value or changes in operating conditions of the investee enterprise, the difference between the recoverable amount and the carrying amount of the investment should be recognized as an impairment loss in the current period.

Fixed assets and depreciation

Fixed assets are tangible assets that are (a) held for use in the production of goods or supply of services, for rental to others, or for administrative purposes; (b) have useful life more than one year; and (c) have relatively high unit price.

Fixed assets are stated at cost or valuation upon the restructuring. Except for mining structures, which are depreciated using the estimated production volume method, depreciation is provided over their estimated useful lives from the month after they are put into use using the straight-line method with estimated residual value of 3% on cost. The useful life and annual depreciation rate of each category of fixed assets are as follows:

Category	Useful life	Annual depreciation rate		
Buildings	15–30 years	3.23-6.47%		
Railway structure	15–25 years	3.88-6.47%		
Plant, machinery and equipment	5–15 years	6.47-19.40%		
Transportation equipment	6–9 years	10.78–16.17%		

 $\label{lem:mining_structures} \ \text{Is depreciated using production volume method at RMB2.5 per tonne of raw coal mined.}$

Impairment loss provision for fixed assets

At the end of each period, the Company determines whether a provision should be made for impairment loss on a fixed asset by considering the indications that an impairment loss may have occurred. Where the recoverable amount of any fixed asset is lower than its carrying amount, a provision for impairment loss on fixed asset is made for the difference.

Fixed assets under construction

Fixed assets under construction are recorded at the actual cost incurred for the construction.

Cost includes all expenditures incurred for construction projects, capitalized borrowing costs incurred on a specific borrowing for the construction of fixed assets incurred before it has reached the working condition for its intended use, and other related expenses. A fixed asset under construction is transferred to fixed assets when it has reached the working condition for its intended use. No depreciation is provided for fixed assets under construction.

Fixed assets under construction - continued

Where the work on a fixed asset under construction has been suspended for a long period of time and is not expected to re-commence within three years; or it is technically and physically obsolete and its economic benefits to the Company is uncertain; or there are other evidences indicating a decline in value on the fixed asset under construction, an impairment loss provision is made at the shortfall of the recoverable amount of the fixed asset under construction over its carrying amount.

Intangible assets

Intangible assets are recorded at the actual cost of acquisition or valuation upon the restructuring.

Land use rights are evenly amortized over 50 years since the certificate of land use rights are obtained.

Mining rights are evenly amortized over the useful life of 20 years since the mining rights are obtained. The useful life is estimated based on the total proven and probable reserves of the coal mine.

Goodwill represents the excess of the purchase consideration over the net assets of the acquired business unit as a whole.

Goodwill is evenly amortized over 10 years, starting from its initial recognition.

Impairment loss provision for intangible assets

At the end of each period, the Company determines whether a provision should be made for impairment loss on an intangible asset by considering the indications that an impairment loss may have occurred. Where the recoverable amount of any intangible asset is lower than its carrying amount, a provision for impairment loss on intangible asset is made for the difference.

Provisions

The obligation related to a contingency is recognized as a liability when it meets the following conditions:

- (1) that obligation is a present obligation of the Company;
- (2) it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits from the Company will be required to settle the obligation; and
- (3) a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs comprise interest incurred on borrowings, amortization of discounts or premiums, ancillary costs incurred in connection with the arrangement of borrowings, and exchange differences arising from foreign currency borrowings. Borrowing costs incurred on a specific borrowing for the acquisition or construction of a fixed asset, are capitalized as the cost of the fixed asset to the extent they are incurred before the fixed asset has reached working condition for its intended use if the conditions for capitalisation are met. Other borrowing costs are recognized as expenses and included as finance costs in the period in which they are incurred.

Revenue recognition

Revenue from sales of goods is recognized when the Company has transferred to the buyer the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods, it retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold, the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the Company, and the relevant amount of revenue and costs can be measured reliably.

When the provision of services is started and completed within the same accounting year, revenue is recognized at the time of completion of the services. When the provision of services is started and completed in different accounting years and the outcome of a transaction involving the rendering of services can be estimated reliably, revenue is recognized at the balance sheet date by the use of the percentage of completion method; revenue is otherwise recognized at the balance sheet date only to the extent of the costs incurred that are recoverable and service costs are recognized as expenses in the period in which they are incurred. If the service costs incurred are not expected to be recovered, revenue is not recognized.

Interest income is measured based on the length of time for which the enterprise's cash is used by others and the applicable interest rate.

Subsidy income

Subsidy income is recognized when grants are actually received.

Income taxes

Income taxes is provided under tax payable method. The income tax provision is calculated based on the accounting profit for the period as adjusted in accordance with the relevant tax laws.

Basis of consolidation

(1) Principle for consolidation scope recognition

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries made up to the balance sheet date. A subsidiary is an enterprise in which the Company, directly or indirectly, holds more than 50% of the equity, or which the Company controls its operating activities through other method.

(2) Accounting for consolidation

The accounting policies used by subsidiaries conform with those used by the Company.

The operating results of subsidiaries during the period are included in the consolidated income statement from the effective date of acquisition appropriately.

All significant intercompany transactions and balances between group enterprises are eliminated on consolidation.

Equity and interest of minority shareholders are disclosed in the consolidated financial statements separately.

3. TAXES

Value added tax

Value added tax ("VAT") on sales is calculated at 13% on revenue from sales of coal products and 17% on other types of sales, and paid after deducting input VAT.

The calculation method of "Payment first and refund afterwards" was adopted for calculating of the VAT refund on coal products export before January 1, 2002. From January 1, 2002 onwards, the calculation method has been changed to "Exemption, counteract and refund" in accordance with Caishui [2002] No.7. The tax refund rate on export sales of coal products is 13%.

Business tax

Business tax is paid at the applicable tax rate of the corresponding revenue and the business tax on revenue from coal transportation service is calculated at 3%.

Resource tax

Resource tax is calculated and paid at the amount of RMB1.20 per tonne of raw coal sold and consumed in clean coal production.

City construction tax & Education fee

Although the Company was changed to a sino-foreign joint stock limited company, it is still subject to all taxes applicable to domestic enterprise according to the reply letter to Yanzhou Coal Mining Co., Ltd. issued by State Taxes Bureau (Guoshuihan [2001] No.673). The Company continues to calculate and pay the taxes under the tax law applicable to domestic companies. Therefore, the city construction tax and education fee are still calculated and paid at 7% and 3%, respectively, on the total amount of VAT payable and business tax payable.

According to "Notice of issues on collection of city construction tax & education fee after application of "Exemption, counteract and refund" by exporting enterprises" issued by Shandong Local Taxes Bureau (Ludishuifa [2002] No.108), the amount of VAT exemption and counteract declared by the Company is also deemed as the basis for city construction tax & education fee calculation.

Income tax

Income tax, including both national and domestic income tax, is calculated at 33% of the total assessment income of the Company.

4. SCOPE OF CONSOLIDATION AND DETAILS OF SUBSIDIARY

The Company owns the following subsidiary:

Name of subsidiary	Registered capital	Investment an percentage of equit		Consolidated or not
Qingdao Free Trade Zone				
Zhongyan Trade Co., Ltd.				
("Zhongyan Trade")	RMB2,100,000	RMB2,710,000	52.38%	Yes

Nature of business of Zhongyan Trade: International trade, processing and matching, trimming, exhibiting and storage in Qingdao Free Trade Zone (except for project subjected to special approval according to national regulations).

4. SCOPE OF CONSOLIDATION AND DETAILS OF SUBSIDIARY - continued

The above subsidiary is included in the consolidated financial statements since it was acquired by the Company on December 31, 2001.

Except for note 50 which is only applicable to the Company, the following notes to the financial statements are for the consolidated financial statements.

5. BANK BALANCES AND CASH

		June 30, 2003			December 31, 20	002
	Foreign	Foreign Exchange RMB		Foreign	Exchange	RMB
	currency	rate	equivalent	currency	rate	equivalent
Cash on hand						
RMB	-	-	307,119	-	-	311,649
Cash in bank						
RMB	-	_	677,240,802	_	_	544,649,269
USD	89,660,911	8.2774	742,159,225	117,994,555	8.2773	976,676,330
EUR	76,655	9.4649	725,532	76,655	8.6360	661,993
HKD	58,199,209	1.0612	61,761,001	64,592,801	1.0611	68,539,421
Other monetary assets						
RMB	-	-	7,324,658	_	_	5,095,066
			1,489,518,337			1,595,933,728

6. CURRENT INVESTMENTS

	June 30, 2003				December 31, 20	02
			Net book			Net book
	Cost	Provision	value	Cost	Provision	value
	RMB	RMB	RMB	RMB	RMB	RMB
Investments in bonds - National bonds (Notel) Other investments - Designated deposit	88,702,100	-	88,702,100	88,702,100	-	88,702,100
(Note 2)	100,000,000	-	100,000,000	_	_	-
	188,702,100	-	188,702,100	88,702,100	-	88,702,100

Note 1: The balances are 96 National bonds (8) which will mature on November 1, 2003. If the Company holds the National bonds till mature date, the total amount of principal and interest at the mature date is greater than the carrying amount. So no provision for impairment loss is made.

Note 2: The designated deposit represents an instructed deposit with Bank of China to Shandong Chuangye Investment Co., Ltd. (Minor shareholder of a fellow subsidiary) at interest 6% per annum for 12 months commencing from April 7, 2003. Related obligations are guaranteed by Shandong Dongxijiehe Credit Guaranteed Co., Ltd. and are secured by approximate 16% share of interest of Shandong Huaju Energy Co., Ltd. owned by Shandong Chuangye Investment Co., Ltd. The related income generated from the designated deposit during the period is RMB1,133,333.

7. NOTES RECEIVABLE

	June 30, 2003 RMB	December 31,2002 RMB
Bank acceptance bills Commercial acceptance bills	531,047,240	234,521,923 5,452,300
	531,047,240	239,974,223

See note 49 for notes receivable from shareholders of the Company holding more than 5% of the total shares of the Company.

8. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

The aging analysis of accounts receivable is as follows:

Aging	June 30, 2003				December 31, 2002			
			Bad debt	Net			Bad debt	Net
	Amount	%	provision	book value	Amount	%	provision	book value
	RMB		RMB	RMB	RMB		RMB	RMB
Within 1 year	397,392,788	69	15,863,011	381,529,777	504,683,920	78	20,176,674	484,507,246
1 to 2 years	107,614,476	18	32,284,343	75,330,133	99,632,835	15	29,887,980	69,744,855
2 to 3 years	58,010,510	10	29,005,255	29,005,255	38,388,185	6	19,194,093	19,194,092
Over 3 years	20,018,747	3	20,018,747	-	6,824,655	1	6,824,655	_
Total	583,036,521	100	97,171,356	485,865,165	649,529,595	100	76,083,402	573,446,193

Balance of the 5 largest debtors is as follows:

Total amount of	Percentage in
the 5 largest debtors	accounts receivable balance
RMB	
·	

213,755,040 37%

See note 49 for accounts receivable from shareholders of the Company holding more than 5% of the total shares of the Company.

9. OTHER RECEIVABLES

Aging analysis of other receivables is as follows:

Aging	June 30, 2003				December 31, 2002			
			Bad debt	Net			Bad debt	Net
	Amount	%	provision	book value	Amount	%	provision	book value
	RMB		RMB	RMB	RMB		RMB	RMB
Within 1 year	189,418,440	77	3,602,721	185,815,719	183,629,621	81	135,725	183,493,896
1 to 2 years	40,650,086	16	3,387,097	37,262,989	31,234,251	14	1,176,619	30,057,632
2 to 3 years	11,248,361	5	4,095,700	7,152,661	9,156,961	4	1,896,615	7,260,346
Over 3 years	4,259,824	2	1,600,000	2,659,824	2,659,824	1	329,912	2,329,912
Total	245,576,711	100	12,685,518	232,891,193	226,680,657	100	3,538,871	223,141,786

The balances with aging over 2 years are mainly deposits paid for purchase of packing materials of steel and other raw materials. The Company has not settled the balances with these suppliers since the deposits are in roll-over uses.

Balance of the 5 largest debtors is as follows:

Total amount of	Percentage in
the 5 largest debtors	other receivables balance
RMB	
37,395,647	15%

See note 49 for other receivables from shareholders of the Company holding more than 5% of the total shares of the Company.

10. PROVISION FOR BAD DEBTS

	Amount
	RMB
Opening balance	79,622,273
Provision for the period	30,234,601
Written-off for the period	
Closing balance	109,856,874

11. PREPAYMENTS

The aging analysis of prepayments is as follows:

Aging	June 30, 2	2003	December 3	December 31, 2002		
	RMB	%	RMB	%		
Within 1 year	128,178,308	92	113,227,188	77		
1 to 2 years	7,044,614	5	27,936,386	19		
2 to 3 years	4,732,602	3	5,176,057	4		
Total	139,955,524	100	146,339,631	100		

11. PREPAYMENTS - continued

The balances with aging over 2 years are mainly the prepayments for the purchases of spare parts and materials. As disputes on quality or price exist between the Company and the suppliers, the amount has not yet been settled or offset with corresponding accounts payable.

Balances of the 5 largest debtors are as follows:

Total amount of	Percentage in
the 5 largest debtors	prepayments balance
RMB	

61,474,706

See note 49 for prepayments to shareholders of the Company holding more than 5% of the total shares of the Company.

12. SUBSIDIES RECEIVABLE

The closing balance of subsidies receivable represents export tax refund receivable in respect for the export sales of the year 2001 which has not been received.

13. INVENTORIES

	June 30, 2003			De	cember 31,	2002
			Net book			Net book
	Amount	Provision	value	Amount	Provision	value
	RMB	RMB	RMB	RMB	RMB	RMB
Raw materials	239,727,892	-	239,727,892	309,246,183	_	309,246,183
Finished goods	308,038,611	_	308,038,611	267,333,120	_	267,333,120
	547,766,503	-	547,766,503	576,579,303	_	576,579,303

14. DEFERRED EXPENSES

	June 30, 2003 RMB	December 31,2002 RMB
Harbour transportation fee	104,749,202	110,560,888

15. LONG-TERM EQUITY INVESTMENTS

Other equity investment

January 1, 2003				June 30, 2003					
Name of	Investment		Net book			Investment		Net book	
investees	amount	Provision	value	Addition	Disposal	amount	Provision	value	
	RMB	RMB	RMB	RMB	RMB	RMB	RMB	RMB	%
Jiangsu Lianyungang									
Port Co., Ltd.	1,760,419	-	1,760,419	345,000	345,000	1,760,419	-	1,760,419	1%
Shenergy Company									
Limited (Note)	30,137,265	-	30,137,265	-	-	30,137,265	-	30,137,265	0.42%
	31,897,684	-	31,897,684	345,000	345,000	31,897,684	-	31,897,684	

Note: The Company acquired 14,882,600 legal person shares of Shenergy Company Limited at RMB4.05 per share with the total consideration of RMB60,274,530. In year 2002, the Company paid RMB30,137,265 in advance, which represents 50% of the total consideration. According to the acquisition agreement, the Company will settle the remaining amount after the legal title of the shares is transferred to the Company. The legal title of the shares has not been transferred to the Company at the period end.

16. FIXED ASSETS AND ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION

	Buildings RMB	Mining structure RMB	Railway structure RMB	Plant, machinery and equipment RMB	Transportation equipment RMB	Total RMB
Cost						
At January 1, 2003	2,053,659,522	3,650,163,944	870,600,760	6,748,648,824	309,723,919	13,632,796,969
Additions	-	_	-	10,795,952	178,652	10,974,604
Transfer from						
fixed assets						
under construction	299,756	_	_	13,964,960	639,866	14,904,582
Disposals	_	_	_	(47,780,823)	(2,080,823)	(49,861,646)
At June 30, 2003	2,053,959,278	3,650,163,944	870,600,760	6,725,628,913	308,461,614	13,608,814,509
Accumulated depreciation						
At January 1, 2003	736,437,029	1,304,315,805	202,182,744	3,081,345,799	156,497,688	5,480,779,065
Provided for the period	47,655,189	54,598,263	26,125,867	340,604,359	18,992,184	487,975,862
Eliminated on disposals	_	-	-	(34,148,733)	(1,101,402)	(35,250,135)
At June 30, 2003	784,092,218	1,358,914,068	228,308,611	3,387,801,425	174,388,470	5,933,504,792
Net book value						
At January 1, 2003	1,317,222,493	2,345,848,139	668,418,016	3,667,303,025	153,226,231	8,152,017,904
At June 30, 2003	1,269,867,060	2,291,249,876	642,292,149	3,337,827,488	134,073,144	7,675,309,717

17. MATERIALS FOR CONSTRUCTING FIXED ASSETS

Category	June 30, 2003	December 31, 2002
	RMB	RMB
Materials for constructing fixed assets	1,837,241	1,899,659

18. FIXED ASSETS UNDER CONSTRUCTION

Category	At January 1, 2003 RMB	Addition RMB	Transfers upon completion RMB	At June 30, 2003 RMB	Budget RMB	Proportion to budget %	Source of funds
Equipment to be installed	98,213,885	149,935,589	(13,696,735)	234,452,739	259,910,000	90	internally generated fund
Buildings under construction	1,057,977	18,783,448	(1,067,112)	18,774,313	27,470,000	68	internally generated fund
Others	23,750,895	1,558,063	(140,735)	25,168,223	31,300,000	80	internally generated fund
Total	123,022,757	170,277,100	(14,904,582)	278,395,275	318,680,000		

No interest was capitalized for the period.

19. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Category	Original amount RMB	At January 1, 2003 RMB	Addition RMB	Amortization for the period RMB	Accumulated amortization RMB	At June 30, 2003 RMB	Remaining amortization period
Land use rights	310,242,143	278,555,473	-	3,131,537	34,818,207	275,423,936	44 years and 5 months
Land use rights of Jining III	88,928,996	85,371,836	-	889,290	4,446,450	84,482,546	47 years and 6 months
Mining rights of Jining III	132,478,800	119,230,820	-	3,311,970	16,559,950	115,918,850	17 years and 6 months
Land use rights of Railway Assets	259,378,500	254,278,500	-	2,659,463	7,759,463	251,619,037	48 years and 6 months
Goodwill	80,000,000	40,000,000	40,000,000	4,444,445	4,444,445	75,555,555	8 years and 6 months
	871,028,439	777,436,629	40,000,000	14,436,705	68,028,515	802,999,924	

The original land use rights are injected by Yankuang Group. The land use rights of Jining III and Railway Assets and mining rights of Jining III were acquired from Yankuang Group at revaluated amount. At June 30, 2003, the registration process in respect of the land use rights of Railway Assets has not yet been completed.

19. INTANGIBLE ASSETS – continued

The original land use rights of the Company are revaluated by reference to the revaluation report [97] Zhongdizi [zong] zi No. 032 of China Land Consultation and Evaluation Center with the method of cost approaching and coefficient-revising of benchmark land price to determine the value of the land. Land use rights of Jining III are revaluated by reference to the revaluation report Ludijia [2000] No. 7 of Shandong Land Evaluation Office with the method of cost approaching and coefficient-revising of benchmark land price. Mining rights of Jining III are revaluated by reference to the revaluation report Haidiren Pingbaozi [2000] No. 11 Zong No. 24 of Beijing Haidiren Resource Consulting Co., Ltd. with the method of discounting cashflow. Land use rights of Railway Assets are revaluated by reference to the revaluation report [2001] Luzhengkuai Pingbaozi No. 10041 of Shandong Zhengyuan Hexin Limited Liability CPA with the method of cost revaluation.

Goodwill represents the excess of the purchase consideration of Railway Assets over the net assets of Railway Assets at the date of acquisition. According to the "Railway Assets Acquisition Agreement", the Railway Assets' actual transportation capacity reached 25,000,000 tonnes for the year 2002, therefore the Company paid an extra RMB40,000,000. According to the above agreement, when the Railway Assets' actual transportation capacity reaches 28,000,000 tonnes for the year 2003, the Company will pay an extra RMB40,000,000. During the period from January 1 to June 30, 2003, the actual transportation capacity has reached 13,859,000 tonnes. Based on historical data and sales plan for the next half year, the management estimated that the transportation capacity will probably reach 28,000,000 tonnes. Extra payment is accrued accordingly in this period, details of which are set out in note 49(5)(b).

Goodwill is amortized over 10 years on a straight-line basis since its initial recognition.

20. NOTES PAYABLE

	June 30, 2003 RMB	December 31, 2002 RMB
Bank acceptance bills (See note 47)	15,000,000 15,000,000	108,001,674 108,001,674
Notes payable due within one year	15,000,000	108,001,674

See note 49 for notes payable due to shareholders of the Company holding more than 5% of the total shares of the Company.

21. ACCOUNTS PAYABLE

See note 49 for accounts payable due to shareholders of the Company holding more than 5% of the total shares of the Company.

22. ADVANCE FROM CUSTOMERS

See note 49 for amounts advanced from shareholders of the Company holding more than 5% of the total shares of the Company.

23. DIVIDENDS PAYABLE

	June 30, 2003 RMB	December 31, 2002 RMB
Yankuang Group	-	173,680,000
Shareholders of H Share	106,080,000	106,080,000
Shareholders of A Share	18,720,000	18,720,000
	124,800,000	298,480,000

24. TAXES PAYABLE

	June 30, 2003	December 31, 2002	
	RMB		
Income tax	135,871,110	56,866,726	
Value added tax	93,720,898	43,268,288	
City construction tax	38,413,463	49,177,153	
Others	57,737,007	56,827,775	
	325,742,478	206,139,942	

25. OTHER PAYABLES

See note 49 for other payables due to shareholders of the Company holding more than 5% of the total shares of the Company.

26. ACCRUED EXPENSES

	June 30, 2003 RMB	December 31, 2002 RMB
Accrued repair expense Accrued technology expense Accrued goodwill expense (See note 19)	63,143,362 45,793,645 40,000,000	- - -
	148,937,007	-

27. PROVISION

Category	At January 1, 2003 RMB	Accrual for the period RMB	Payment for the period RMB	At June 30, 2003 RMB
	KWB	KWB	KWIB	KWID
Land subsidence, restoration,				
rehabilitation and				
environmental costs	83,043,947	135,403,692	76,713,109	141,734,530

The consequence of coal mining activities is land subsidence caused by the resettlement of the land above the underground mining sites. Depending on the circumstances, the Company may relocate inhabitants from the land above the underground mining sites prior to mining those sites or the Company may compensate the inhabitants for losses or damages from land subsidence after the underground sites have been mined.

27. PROVISION - continued

The provision for land subsidence, restoration, rehabilitation and environmental costs has been determined by management based on their past experience and estimation on future expenditure and accrued on a certain ratio of raw coal mined. However, in so far as the effect on the land and the environment from current mining activities becomes apparent in future periods, the estimate of the associated costs may be subject to change in the near term.

28. LONG-TERM PAYABLE AND LONG-TERM PAYABLE DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

	June 30, 2003	December 31, 2002
	RMB	RMB
Long-term payable due within one year	13,247,800	13,247,800
Long-term payable	92,735,160	92,735,160
	105,982,960	105,982,960

The above balances represent the remaining balance of payable to Yankuang Group for acquisition of Jining III's mining rights, details of which are set out in note 49(5)(c).

29. LONG-TERM LOAN

Lender	June 30,	January 1,		Annual	
	2003	2003	Period	Interest Rate	Condition for Loan
	RMB	RMB			
Bank of China	600,000,000 1	,200,000,000	96 Months	5.76%H	Guaranteed by Yankuang Group

On January 4, 2002, the Company obtained a new bank loan in the amount of RMB1,200,000,000 from the Bank of China Shandong Branch, Bank of China Jining Branch and Bank of China Zoucheng Branch to finance the acquisition of Railway Assets. The loan is repayable by instalments over a period of 96 months, whereas the first 2 years of which is grace period. According to the agreement, interests are payable on quarterly basis and principal will be paid in 6 instalments of RMB200 million each instalment, i.e. on August 25, of each year from year 2004 to 2008 and on January 4, 2010 for the last instalment.

In June, 2003, the Company repaid the long-term loan of RMB600,000,000 ahead of schedule. According to the agreement, the unpaid principal will be paid in 3 instalments of RMB200 million each instalment, i.e. on August 25, of each year from year 2004 to 2006.

30. SHARE CAPITAL

Changes in share capital from January 1, 2003 to June 30, 2003 and from January 1, 2002 to December 31, 2002 are as follows:

January 1, 2002, December 31, 2002 and June 30, 2003

	RMB	%
Shares not listed for public dealings		
Subscriber shares		
– State legal person shares	1,670,000,000	58.19
Shares listed for public dealings		
Ordinary shares listed on a		
domestic stock exchange (A shares)	180,000,000	6.27
Ordinary shares listed on an		
overseas stock exchange (H shares)	1,020,000,000	35.54
Total shares listed for		
public dealings	1,200,000,000	41.81
Total share capital	2,870,000,000	100.00

Each share has a par value of RMB1. The share capital has been verified by Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu CPA (formerly known as Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu Shanghai CPA) on capital verification report Deshibao (Yan)zi No. 588, capital verification Deshibao (Yan)zi (98) No. 439, capital verification Deshibao (Yan)zi (01) No. 006 and capital verification Deshibao (Yan)zi (01) No. 040.

31. CAPITAL RESERVES

Changes in capital reserves from January 1, 2003 to June 30, 2003 are as follows:

	Share	Transfer from	
	premium	Wei Jian Fei (Note)	Total
	RMB	RMB	RMB
At January 1, 2003	3,549,258,855	905,262,485	4,454,521,340
Addition	_	131,035,830	131,035,830
At June 30, 2003	3,549,258,855	1,036,298,315	4,585,557,170

Changes in capital reserves from January 1, 2002 to December 31, 2002 are as follows:

	Share	Transfer from	
	premium	Wei Jian Fei (Note)	Total
	RMB	RMB	RMB
At January 1, 2002	3,549,258,855	674,652,539	4,223,911,394
Addition	_	230,609,946	230,609,946
At December 31, 2002	3,549,258,855	905,262,485	4,454,521,340

Note: Pursuant to relevant regulations, this capital reserve can only be used for the future development of the coal mining business. The Company should accrue at RMB6 per tonne of raw coal mined as Wei Jian Fei, which is recorded in cost of sales and capital reserves.

32. SURPLUS RESERVES

Changes in surplus reserves from January 1, 2003 to June 30, 2003 are as follows:

	Statutory common reserve fund RMB	Statutory common welfare fund RMB	Total RMB
At January 1, 2003 Additions	388,201,586 -	194,141,761	582,343,347 –
At June 30, 2003	388,201,586	194,141,761	582,343,347

Changes in surplus reserves from January 1, 2002 to December 31, 2002 are as follows:

	Statutory common reserve fund	Statutory common welfare fund	Total
	RMB	RMB	RMB
At January 1, 2002	287,808,101	143,904,051	431,712,152
Additions	100,393,485	50,237,710	150,631,195
At December 31, 2002	388,201,586	194,141,761	582,343,347

Note: The statutory common reserve fund can be used to make good the losses incurred in previous years, expand the business scale of the Company or convert it into share capital. The statutory common welfare fund can be used for the welfare of the staff and workers of the Company.

33. RETAINED EARNINGS

	From January	From January
	1, 2003 to	1, 2002 to
	June 30, 2003	December 31, 2002
	RMB	RMB
Retained earnings at the beginning		
of the period/year	1,751,708,336	1,197,704,033
Add: Net income for the period/year	576,770,511	1,003,115,498
Less: Appropriations to statutory common		
reserve fund (Note i)	-	100,311,550
Appropriations to statutory common		
welfare fund (Note ii)	-	50,155,775
Appropriations to statutory common		
reserve fund of the subsidiary (Note iii)	-	81,935
Appropriations to statutory common		
welfare fund of the subsidiary (Note iii)	-	81,935
Ordinary share dividend (Note iv)	_	298,480,000
Retained earnings at the end of the period/year	2,328,478,847	1,751,708,336

33. RETAINED EARNINGS - continued

Note (i) Appropriations to statutory common reserve fund

Pursuant to the Provision 177 of Company Law and the Company's Article of Association, 10% of its net profit is appropriated as statutory common reserve fund. Such appropriations can be ceased when the accumulated amount of the fund reaches 50% of the Company's registered capital.

Note (ii) Appropriations to statutory public welfare fund

Pursuant to the Provision 177 of Company Law and the Company's Article of Association, the Board of Directors proposed to appropriate 5% of the last year's net profit as statutory common welfare fund.

Note (iii) Appropriations to statutory common reserve fund and statutory common welfare fund of the subsidiary

Statutory common reserve fund and statutory common welfare fund of the subsidiary are appropriated at the preparation of consolidation financial statements.

Note (iv) Proposed dividend

Pursuant to relevant regulations, companies that issue H shares should appropriate dividends based on profit available for appropriation listed on the audited financial statements prepared under accounting standards in the People's Republic of China or International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"), whichever is the lesser.

According to the minute of Board of Directors dated April 11, 2003, proposed dividend for year 2002 is RMB1.04 per ten shares, based on the total issued shares of 2,870,000,000 (each share with a par value of RMB1). The declaration and payment of the final dividend has been approved at the shareholders' meeting of the Company on June 27, 2003.

34. REVENUE FROM PRINCIPAL OPERATIONS

	For the period ended June 30,	
	2003	
	RMB	RMB
Revenue from domestic sales of coal products	2,541,147,903	1,837,331,450
Revenue from export sales of coal products	1,808,149,772	1,872,727,921
Revenue from railway transportation services	78,582,143	70,310,675
	4,427,879,818	3,780,370,046

Total amount of	
the 5 largest customers	Percentage in total revenue
RMB	%

805,728,434

The Company exports its coal through China National Coal Industry Import and Export Corporation, China National Minerals Import and Export Co., Ltd. and Shanxi Coal Import and Export Group Corp. Currently, the Company does not have direct export rights, and has to export coals through import and export companies. The final decision on customer selection of the Company's export sales is jointly determined by the Company and the above-mentioned import and export companies. Therefore the amounts of sales made through these import and export companies are excluded from sales of the 5 largest customers, all of whom are domestic customers.

35. COST OF PRINCIPAL OPERATIONS

	For the period ended June 30,	
	2003	
	RMB	RMB
Cost of sales of coal products	1,966,414,242	1,547,802,008
Cost of the railway transportation services	33,529,767	24,812,612
	1,999,944,009	1,572,614,620

Analysis of cost of sales of coal products is as follows:

	For the period ended June 30,	
	2003	2002
	RMB	RMB
Matadala	441 217 051	204 500 704
Materials	441,217,851	324,508,604
Wages	376,096,952	280,835,817
Employee welfare	44,667,973	36,084,456
Electricity	139,738,434	112,054,100
Depreciation	425,502,754	371,123,903
Land subsidence, restoration,		
rehabilitation and environmental costs	131,472,527	104,971,745
Repairs	148,450,528	116,881,553
Others	128,231,393	85,556,980
Subtotal	1,835,378,412	1,432,017,158
Wei Jian Fei	131,035,830	115,784,850
Total	1,966,414,242	1,547,802,008

36. SALES TAXES AND SURCHARGES

	For the period ended June 30,	
	2003	2002
	RMB	RMB
Business tax	2,593,210	2,109,320
City construction tax	18,266,868	18,664,772
Education fee	7,828,658	8,034,099
Resource tax	24,966,258	21,681,414
	53,654,994	50,489,605

37. PROFIT FROM OTHER OPERATIONS

	For the period ended June 30,	
	2003	2002
	RMB	RMB
Sales of raw materials		
– Sales	373,332,566	241,004,945
- Cost of sales	347,208,280	227,926,355
	26,124,286	13,078,590
Others		
- Income	18,370,658	22,255,872
- Cost	11,214,680	16,077,302
	7,155,978	6,178,570
	33,280,264	19,257,160

38. OPERATING EXPENSES

	For the period ended June 30,	
	2003	
	RMB	RMB
Selling expense of domestic sales of coal products	326,233,003	211,541,157
Selling expense of export sales of coal products	543,377,901	521,863,086
Others	34,242,138	47,877,648
	903,853,042	781,281,891

39. FINANCIAL EXPENSES

	For the period ended June 30,	
	2003	
	RMB	RMB
Interest expenses	35,154,000	43,304,961
Less: interest income	7,356,124	13,289,408
Others	324,680	980,210
	28,122,556	30,995,763

40. INVESTMENT INCOME

	For the period ended June 30,	
	2003	2002
	RMB	RMB
Short-term investment income		
 Interest income from designated deposit 	1,133,333	_
Long-term investment income		
 Investee's distributed profit recognized 		
under cost method	345,000	_
	1,478,333	_

41. SUBSIDY INCOME

The amount represents subsidies granted to the Company on its export sales which were received during the period.

42. NON-OPERATING INCOME

	For the period ended June 30,		
	2003 RMB		
Gain on disposal of fixed assets	3,310,774	1,544,482	
Others	461,042	205,871	
	3,771,816	1,750,353	

43. NON-OPERATING EXPENSES

	For the period ended June 30,		
	2003		
	RMB	RMB	
Loss on disposal of fixed assets	5,124,553	2,476,607	
Donations	276,700	133,500	
Fines	65,467	231,698	
Compensation for early-retired staff	2,889,874	1,339,097	
Others	502,019	315,671	
	8,858,613	4,496,573	

44. INCOME TAXES

	For the period ended June 30,	
	2003 2 RMB	
Income tax of the Company	298,901,475	287,505,031
Income tax of the subsidiary	728,713 60	
	299,630,188	288,114,506

45. OTHER CASH RECEIVED RELATING TO OPERATING ACTIVITIES

	For the period ended
	June 30, 2003
	RMB
Other operating income	391,703,224
Interest income	7,356,124
Others	10,767,934
Total	409,827,282

46. OTHER CASH PAID RELATING TO OPERATING ACTIVITIES

	For the period ended June 30, 2003
	RMB
Cash payments for operating expenses	
and administrative expenses	1,176,388,769
Other operating expenses	358,422,960
Others	332,727,684
Total	1,867,539,413

47. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	June 30, 2003 RMB	December 31, 2002 RMB
Bank balances and cash Less: Restricted cash (Note)	1,489,518,337 37,405,513	1,595,933,728 51,760,596
	1,452,112,824	1,544,173,132

Note: The amount represents the bank deposits pledged to certain banks to secure bank acceptance bills and letters of credit at the balance sheet date.

48. SEGMENT INFORMATION

Segment information for the period ended June 30, 2003 is set as followings:

			Railway			
		Coal Mining	Transportation	Inter-segment	Unallocated	
Item		Business	Business	elimination	Items	Total
		RMB	RMB	RMB	RMB	RMB
1.	Operating Revenue					
	External	4,349,297,675	78,582,143	_	-	4,427,879,818
	Inter-segment		194,767,229	(194,767,229)	_	_
	Total	4,349,297,675	273,349,372	(194,767,229)	_	4,427,879,818
2.	Cost Of Sales					
	External	1,966,414,242	33,529,767	-	-	1,999,994,009
	Inter-segment	_	86,563,054	(86,563,054)	-	_
	Total	1,966,414,242	120,092,821	(86,563,054)	-	1,999,944,009
3.	Total Operating Expenses	1,412,382,628	37,897,263	(108,204,175)	209,517,783	1,551,593,499
4.	Total Operating Profits	970,500,805	115,359,288	_	(209,517,783)	876,342,310
5.	Total Assets	9,884,685,202	1,132,546,426	_	1,805,970,820	12,823,202,448
6.	Total Liabilities	1,463,168,083	58,695,923	-	930,959,815	2,452,823,821

49. SIGNIFICANT RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

(1) The followings are related parties where a control relationship exists:

Name of related parties	Registration address	Major business	Relationship	Quality	Status Representative
Yankuang Group	40 Fu Shan Road, Zoucheng, Shandong	Industry Processing	Major shareholder	State-owned	Geng Jia Huai
Zhongyan Trade	No. 1 Industrial Zone, Qingdao Free Trade Zone	International Trade	Subsidiary	Limited Company	Shao Hua Zhen

(2) For the related parties where a control relationship exists, the registered capital and the changes therein are as follows:

> January 1 and June 30, 2003 RMB

Yankuang Group	3,090,336,000
Zhongyan Trade	2,100,000

(3) For the related parties where a control relationship exists, the proportion and changes of equity interest are as follows:

	January 1 a	January 1 and June 30, 2003		
	RMB	%		
Yankuang Group	1,670,000,000	58.19		
Zhongyan Trade	1,100,000			

(4) Nature of relationship with related parties where a control relationship does not exist:

Name of related parties

Relationship with the Company

Zoucheng Nanmei Shipping Co., Ltd. ("Nanmei Shipping")

Common key management members

- (5) Significant transactions entered with the Company and above-mentioned related parties in current period:
 - (a) The transactions between the Company and the subsidiary which the Company can exercise control over and whose financial statements are included in the consolidated financial statements were eliminated.
 - (b) Acquisition of railway transportation business

On January 1, 2002, the Company acquired from Yankuang Group the assets of the special purpose coal railway transportation business ("Railway Assets") at the consideration of approximately RMB1,242,590,000 according to "Railway Assets Acquisition Agreement" signed with Yankuang Group. When the Railway Assets' actual capacity reaches the targets quoted in the agreement, the additional payment would be as follows:

- A If the Railway Assets' actual capacity reaches 25,000,000 tonnes for the year ended December 31, 2002, the Company will pay an extra RMB40,000,000;
- B. If the Railway Assets' actual capacity reaches 28,000,000 tonnes for the year ended December 31, 2003, the Company will pay an extra RMB40,000,000;
- C. If the Railway Assets' actual capacity reaches 30,000,000 tonnes for the year ended December 31, 2004, the Company will pay an extra RMB40,000,000.

The total consideration for acquiring Railway Assets should be paid in cash in the following five installments:

- 1) The amount of RMB1,159,560,000 has been paid by the Company to Yankuang Group at acquisition date;
- 2) The remaining balance of RMB83,030,000 has been paid before June 30, 2002;
- 3) The amount of RMB40,000,000 as mentioned in term A should be paid before June 30, 2003;

- (5) Significant transactions entered with the Company and above-mentioned related parties in current period:

 continued
 - (b) Acquisition of railway transportation business continued
 - 4) The amount of RMB40,000,000 as mentioned in term B should be paid before June 30, 2004;
 - 5) The amount of RMB40,000,000 as mentioned in term C should be paid before June 30, 2005.

The Company had paid off the above consideration of RMB1,242,590,000 at acquisition date. In addition, the Railway Assets' actual capacity reached approximately 25,000,000 tonnes for the year ended December 31, 2002 and an extra RMB40,000,000 was paid to Yankuang Group according to the agreement mentioned in term A.

During the period from January 1, 2003 to June 30, 2003, the Railway Assets' actual capacity has reached 13,859,000 tonnes. According to historical data and sales plan for the next half year, the management estimated that the transportation capacity will probably reach 28,000,000 tonnes. Extra payment of RMB40,000,000 is accrued accordingly, details of which are set out in note 19 and 26.

The consideration for the acquisition is determined according to revaluated price.

(c) Acquisition of Jining III

On January 1, 2001, the Company acquired Jinjing III according to the "Agreement for Acquisition of Jining III" signed with Yankuang Group at the consideration of RMB2,450,900,000 and mining rights of RMB132,480,000, totally RMB2,583,380,000.

By the end of June 30, 2003, the Company had paid RMB2,477,396,000 to Yankaung Group for the above acquisition including the consideration of RMB2,450,900,000 and the mining rights of RMB26,496,000.

According to the agreement, the Company will pay the interest-free consideration for the cost of mining rights over ten years by equal instalments before December 31 of each year commencing from year 2001. The Company should pay the mining rights of RMB13,248,000 as the third instalment before December 31, 2003, which has not been paid by the end of June 30, 2003.

The consideration for the acquisition is determined according to revaluation price.

(d) Sales and purchases

	For the period ended June 30,		
	2003	2002	
	RMB'000	RMB'000	
CALEC AND CEDVICE DROVIDED			
SALES AND SERVICE PROVIDED			
Sales of coal – Nanmei Shipping	21,501	20,243	
- Yankuang Group	79,009	55,788	
Subtotal	100,510	76,031	
Railway transportation services income – Yankuang Group	26	266	
Public utilities and facilities income – Yankuang Group	14,500	2,500	
Material and spare parts sales/profit – Yankuang Group	180,480	8,399	
	295,516	87,196	
PURCHASES			
Yankuang Group	181,342	68,831	

The price of the above transaction is determined according to market price or negotiated price.

(e) Amount due to or from related parties

		June	December
Account	Company	30, 2003	31, 2002
		RMB	RMB
Notes receivable	Yankuang Group	44,009,698	_
Accounts receivable	Yankuang Group	817,512	10,491,800
Other receivables	Yankuang Group	27,498,510	54,484,900
Prepayments	Yankuang Group	24,957,402	12,125,593
		97,283,122	77,102,293
Notes payable	Yankuang Group	_	7,020,000
Accounts payable	Yankuang Group	33,817,272	55,433,118
Advance from customers	Yankuang Group	11,883,050	15,355,725
Other payables	Yankuang Group	93,890,733	262,964,418
Accrued expenses	Yankuang Group	40,000,000	_
Long-term payable			
due within one year	Yankuang Group	13,247,800	13,247,800
Long-term payables	Yankuang Group	92,735,160	92,735,160
		285,574,015	446,756,221

(f) Other transactions

- (1) Pursuant to an agreement signed between the Company and Yankuang Group, Yankuang Group manages the retirement benefits, medical benefits and other benefits of the two companies and makes combined payments of the total retirement benefits of the two companies to the government department in charge of the related funds. Amount included as expenses of the Company for the period from January 1, 2003 to June 30, 2003 and from January 1, 2002 to June 30, 2002 are RMB227,676,000 and RMB205,087,000, respectively.
- (2) Pursuant to an agreement signed by the Company and Yankuang Group, the department and subsidiary of Yankuang Group provided the following services and charged related service fees during the period:

	For the period ended June 30,			
	2003	2002		
	RMB'000	RMB'000		
Electricity	154,119	-		
Repairs and maintenance	92,217	108,437		
Technical support and training fee	7,565	7,565		
Mining rights fees	6,490	6,490		
Public utilities expenses	300	870		
Road transportation fee	13,417	16,921		
Gases and eructate expenses	5,985	5,510		
Buildings management fee	18,600	18,600		
Children tuition fee	8,300	8,300		
Others	9,388	7,265		
Total	316,381	179,958		

The price of the transaction is determined according to market price or negotiated price.

- (3) Total amount of salaries paid to key management, including salaries, welfare and subsidies paid in the form of cash, goods and others, for the period from January 1, 2003 to June 30, 2003 and from January 1, 2002 to June 30, 2002 are RMB1,098,717 and RMB1,264,369, respectively.
- (4) During this period and the same period of last year, the Company and Yankuang Group have made payments or collected receipts to or from individual third party or government authorities on behalf of each other, in respect of goods purchased, services received and other expenses. These payments and receipts made on behalf of the other have been recorded in other payables.

50. NOTES TO THE COMPANY'S FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(1) Long-term equity investments – The Company

		June 30, 2003			December 31, 20	02
	Investment		Net book	Investment		Net book
	amount	Provision	value	amount	Provision	value
	RMB	RMB	RMB	RMB	RMB	RMB
Investment in subsidiary Other equity	4,399,021	-	4,399,021	4,774,406	-	4,774,406
investment	31,897,684		31,897,684	31,897,684		31,897,684
	36,296,705	-	36,296,705	36,672,090	-	36,672,090

(a) Details of investments on subsidiary are as follows:

	Investment cost January	Profit and loss adjustment				Net book value		
Name of investee	1 and June 30, 2003	January 1, 2003		Cash dividend of this period	June 30, 2003	January 1, 2003	June 30, 2003	
	RMB	RMB	RMB	RMB	RMB	RMB	RMB	
Zhangyan Trade	2,709,903	2,064,503	911,155	1,286,540	1,689,118	4,774,406	4,399,021	

⁽b) For details of other equity investments, see note 15.

(2) Investment profit – The Company

	For the perio	od ended June 30,
	2003	2002
	RMB	RMB
Short-term investment income		
- Interest income from designated deposit	1,133,333	-
Long-term investment income		
 Share of investee's profit recognized 		
under equity method	911,155	2,831,482
 Investee's distributed profit recognized 		
under cost method	345,000	_
	2,389,488	2,831,482

INTERIM REPORT

50. NOTES TO THE COMPANY'S FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued

(3) Cash and cash equivalents – The Company

	June 30, 2003 RMB	December 31, 2002 RMB
Bank balance and cash Less: Restricted cash (Note)	1,484,844,068 37,405,513	1,592,397,958 51,760,596
	1,447,438,555	1,540,637,362

Note: At the balance sheet date, the amount represented the bank deposits pledged to certain banks to secure bank acceptance bills and letters of credit.

51. CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

	June 30, 2003	December 31, 2002
	RMB	RMB
Capital expenditure contracted for but not provided		
in the financial statements in respect of:		
Purchase of assets	139,956	257,382
Investments (See note 15)	30,137	30,137
Capital expenditure approved by Board of		
Directors but not contracted:		
Construction of assets (Note)	250,000	_
	420,093	287,519

Note: To improve the capacity of coal transportation and release the pressure of railway transportation, according to the approval of Board of Directors' meeting dated April 11, 2003, the Company will build the Sihekou Coal Harbour in Nanyang Lake near Jining III to take advantage of domestic waterways connected with Jinghang Canal. The approved budget of the harbour project amounts to RMB250,000,000.

52. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Pursuant to a resolution passed by the board of directors on August 15, 2003, the Company entered into an agreement to acquire an 80% equity interest in Zoucheng Nanmei Shipping Co., Ltd. ("Nanmei Shipping") for a cash consideration of RMB10,164,000. Nanmei Shipping is established and operated in the PRC and is principally engaged in river and lake transportation, and the sales of coal and construction material.

SUPPLEMENT

FOR THE PERIOD FROM JANUARY 1, 2003 TO JUNE 30, 2003

1. SUMMARY OF DIFFERENCES BETWEEN IFRS AND PRC GAAP

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with PRC GAAP, which differs from that under IFRS. As at June 30, 2003, under PRC GAAP the net profit is 576,771 (RMB'000) and the shareholder's equity is 10,366,379 (RMB'000). The summary of differences of net profit and shareholder's equity between PRC GAAP and IFRS in this year are as follows:

		Net assets at
	Net profit	June
	for the period	30, 2003
	RMB'000	RMB'000
As per the financial statements prepared under PRC GAAP	576,771	10,366,379
Adjustments under IFRS:		
– Reversal of Wei Jian Fei	131,034	_
 Deferred tax effect 	19,368	108,175
- Release of negative goodwill to income	13,810	69,050
 Deemed interest expenses 	(2,631)	(102,182)
- Others	(386)	(6,903)
As per the financial statements prepared under IFRS	737,966	10,434,519

2. RETURN ON SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY AND EARNINGS PER SHARE CALCULATED BY DILUTED METHOD AND WEIGHTED AVERAGE METHOD

	Retur Shareholde %	rs' Equity	Earnings Per Share RMB		
Profit for the		Weighted		Weighted	
reporting period	Diluted	Average	Diluted	Average	
Income from principal operations	22.90	23.71	0.83	0.83	
Operating profits	8.45	8.75	0.31	0.31	
Net profit	5.56	5.76	0.20	0.20	
Net profit deducted by extraordinary gain					
(or loss)	5.61	5.81	0.20	0.20	

3. LIST OF PROVISION I FOR IMPAIRMENT LOSS ON ASSETS

Unit: RMB Yuan

			ry 1, 2003	Th-	Provision		versal		30, 2003
	Item	The Group	The Company	The Group	The Company	The Group	The Company	The Group	The Company
1.	Total provision for								
	bad debts	79,622,273	79,622,273	30,234,601	30,234,601	-	-	109,856,874	109,856,874
	Including: Accounts receivable	76,083,402	76,083,402	21,087,954	21,087,954	_	_	97,171,356	97,171,356
	Other	,,		,				, , , _ , _ , _ , _ ,	, , , _ , = , = , = ,
	receivables	3,538,871	3,538,871	9,146,647	9,146,647	-	-	12,685,518	12,685,518
2.	Total provision for loss								
	on current investment	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Including: Investment in stock	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
	Investment								
	in bond	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3.	Total provision for loss								
	on inventory	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Including: Raw material Finished good								
	rinished good	12 –	_	_	-	_	_	_	-
4.	Total provision for loss								
	on long-term investme Including: Long-term	ent –	-	_	_	-	-	_	-
	equity investr	ment –	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
	Long-term bo								
	investment	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
5.	Total provision for loss								
	on fixed assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Including: Buildings Plant, machir	- 10rV	-	_	_	-	_	_	-
	and equipmer		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
6.	Total provision for loss of intangible assets	on							
	Including: Land use righ	nt							
	Mining right	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Goodwill	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
7.	Provision for loss on fix	ed							
	assets under construc	tion –	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
8.	Provision for loss								
	on designated deposit								

4. ANALYSIS OF ITEMS WHICH FLUCTUATED OVER 30% (INCLUDING 30%), AND ACCOUNTING FOR 5% (INCLUDING 5%) OF THE TOTAL ASSETS ON THE BALANCE SHEET DATE OR 10% (INCLUDING 10%) OF THE OPERATING PROFIT FOR THE **REPORTING PERIOD:**

Nil.

(ii) Unaudited Financial Information prepared under IFRS

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF INCOME

FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2003

	Notes	Six months 2003 RMB'000 (unaudited)	s ended June 30, 2002 RMB'000 (unaudited)
Gross sales of coal Transportation costs of coal	5 5	4,298,236 (869,611)	3,662,013 (733,404)
Net sales of coal Railway transportation service income Cost of sales and service provided	5	3,428,625 75,989 (1,868,908)	2,928,609 67,991 (1,456,830)
Gross profit Selling, general and administrative expenses Other operating income	7 8	1,635,706 (636,167) 57,488	1,539,770 (533,334) 42,423
Operating income Interest expenses	9	1,057,027 (37,971)	1,048,859 (63,988)
Income before income taxes Income taxes	10 11	1,019,056 (280,262)	984,871 (285,910)
Income before minority interest Minority interest		738,794 828	698,961 2,574
Net income		737,966	696,387
Appropriations to reserves		131,036	551,732
Dividend	12	298,480	287,000
Earnings per share	13	RMB0.26	RMB0.24
Earnings per ADS	13	RMB12.86	RMB12.13

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

AT JUNE 30, 2003

	Notes	June 30, 2003 RMB'000 (unaudited)	December 31, 2002 RMB'000 (audited)
ASSETS			
CURRENT ASSETS			
Bank balances and cash		1,452,113	1,544,173
Restricted cash	14	37,406	51,761
Bills and accounts receivable	15	972,085	802,929
Investments in securities	16	88,702	88,702
Inventories	17	547,767	576,579
Other Ioan receivable	18	100,000	-
Prepayments and other current assets		737,398	756,019
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		3,935,471	3,820,163
MINING RIGHTS	19	115,919	119,231
LAND USE RIGHTS	20	611,526	618,206
PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT, NET	21	7,955,542	8,276,941
GOODWILL	22	86,826	51,660
NEGATIVE GOODWILL	23	(69,051)	(82,861)
INVESTMENTS IN SECURITIES	16	1,760	1,760
DEPOSIT MADE ON ACQUISITION OF INVESTMENTS			•
IN SECURITIES	24	30,138	30,138
DEFERRED TAX ASSET	25	108,175	88,807
TOTAL ASSETS		12,776,306	12,924,045
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY			
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Bills and accounts payable	26	369,174	602,725
Other payables and accrued expenses	20	962,946	634,790
Provision for land subsidence, restoration, rehabilitation		702,710	051,170
and environmental costs	27	141,735	83,044
Amounts due to Parent Company and its subsidiary companies		66,576	285,308
Taxes payable	3 31	136,016	56,867
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES		1,676,447	1,662,734
AMOUNTS DUE TO PARENT COMPANY AND ITS		(3.043	
SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES – DUE AFTER ONE YEAR	31	61,341	61,341
LONG-TERM BANK BORROWING	28	600,000	1,200,000
TOTAL LIABILITIES		2,337,788	2,924,075
COMMITMENTS	32		
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		10,434,519	9,995,033
MINORITY INTEREST		3,999	4,937
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		12,776,306	12,924,045

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2003

	Share capital	Share premium	Future development fund	Statutory common reserve fund	Statutory common welfare fund	Retained earnings	Total
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
Balance at January 1, 2002	2,870,000	3,272,527	111,748	339,096	169,548	2,297,115	9,060,034
Net income (unaudited)	-	-	-	-	-	696,387	696,387
Appropriations to reserves, net of minority interest's share (unaudited) (note)	-	-	628,664	(51,288)	(25,644)	(551,732)	-
Dividend (unaudited)	-	-	-	-	-	(287,000)	(287,000)
Balance at June 30, 2002 (unaudited)	2,870,000	3,272,527	740,412	287,808	143,904	2,154,770	9,469,421
Balance at July 1, 2002 (unaudited)	2,870,000	3,272,527	740,412	287,808	143,904	2,154,770	9,469,421
Net income (unaudited) Appropriations to reserves, net of minority	-	-	_	-	-	525,612	525,612
interest's share (unaudited) (note)	-	-	114,825	100,393	50,237	(265,455)	_
Balance at December 31, 2002	2,870,000	3,272,527	855,237	388,201	194,141	2,414,927	9,995,033
Balance at January 1, 2003	2,870,000	3,272,527	855,237	388,201	194,141	2,414,927	9,995,033
Net income (unaudited)	-	-	_	_	-	737,966	737,966
Appropriation to reserve (unaudited)	-	-	131,034	-	-	(131,034)	-
Dividend (unaudited)	_	_	_	_	_	(298,480)	(298,480)
Balance at June 30, 2003 (unaudited)	2,870,000	3,272,527	986,271	388,201	194,141	2,723,379	10,434,519

Note:

Prior to 1999, Yanzhou Coal Mining Company Limited ("the Company") was required to contribute at RMB1.80 per tonne of raw coal mined to the National Coal Industry Bureau ("NCIB") and Shangdong Coal Mining Industrial Bureau ("SCMIB") in aggregate and the amount was recognized as an expense. In addition, the Company was also required to transfer an annual amount to a future development fund at RMB4.2 per tonne of raw coal mined. The fund can only be used for the future development of the coal mining business and is not available for distribution to shareholders.

The contribution to NCIB has been cancelled since July 1, 1998 and the contribution to SCMIB has been cancelled since January 1, 1999. The annual transfer to the future development fund was stopped in the year started from January 1999.

According to clarification of the relevant regulations obtained from the Ministry of Finance during the year ended December 31, 2002, the requirement for the Company to transfer an annual amount to the future development fund was not changed upon cancellation of the requirements for contributions to NCIB and SCMIB. Therefore, the Company was required to transfer an amount of RMB743,489,000 (including RMB204,134,000, RMB164,738,000 and RMB144,007,000 for the years ended December 31, 2001, 2000 and 1999, respectively, that would have been transferred had the annual transfer not been stopped on January 1, 1999), to the future development fund in 2002, representing RMB6 per tonne of raw coal mined, from retained earnings. This change did not have any impact on the Group's financial position or the results of operations of the Company and its subsidiary.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2003

	Six months	Six months ended June 30, 2003 2002	
	RMB'000 (unaudited)	RMB′000 (unaudited)	
OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Income before minority interest	738,794	698,961	
Adjustments to reconcile income before minority interest to			
net cash provided by operating activities:			
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment and			
land use rights	455,009	393,147	
Amortization of goodwill	4,834	389	
Release of negative goodwill to income	(13,810)	(13,810)	
Amortization of mining rights	3,312	3,312	
Recognition of deferred tax asset	(19,368)	(2,204)	
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	1,814	932	
(Increase) decrease in assets (net of acquisition):			
Bills and accounts receivable	(169,156)	(102,076)	
Inventories	72,389	(134,627)	
Prepayments and other current assets	16,728	(6,110)	
Taxes receivable	-	21,674	
Increase (decrease) in liabilities (net of acquisition):			
Bills and accounts payable	(233,551)	(32,690)	
Other payables and accrued expenses	232,877	58,504	
Provision for land subsidence, restoration, rehabilitation			
and environmental costs	54,760	16,444	
Amounts due to Parent Company and its subsidiary			
companies	(392,412)	8,804	
Taxes payable	79,149	118,134	
NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	831,369	1,028,784	

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS continued

FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2003

	Note	Six months 2003 RMB'000 (unaudited)	ended June 30, 2002 RMB'000 (unaudited)
INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Purchase of property, plant and equipment		(248,816)	(59,852)
Increase in other loan receivable		(100,000)	(37,032)
Decrease in restricted cash		14,355	_
Proceeds on disposal of property, plant and equipment		12,798	9,818
Acquisition of Railway Assets	30		(1,242,445)
Acquisition of investments in securities		_	(40,000)
NET CASH USED IN INVESTING ACTIVITIES		(321,663)	(1,332,479)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Repayment of bank borrowing		(600,000)	_
Dividend paid to a minority shareholder of subsidiary		(1,766)	(592)
Repayment to Parent Company and its subsidiary			
companies in respect of consideration for acquisition			
of Jining III		_	(550,000)
Dividend paid		_	(287,000)
Bank borrowing raised		_	1,200,000
NET CASH (USED IN) FROM FINANCING			
ACTIVITIES		(601,766)	362,408
NET (DECREASE) INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH			
EQUIVALENTS		(92,060)	58,713
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING		1,544,173	1,124,806
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, ENDING		1,452,113	1,183,519
·			
Additional cash flow information:			
Cash paid during the period for			
Interest		35,340	103,961
Income taxes		220,481	217,931

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2003

1. GENERAL

The Company is established as a joint stock company with limited liability in the People's Republic of China (the "PRC") and operates six coal mines, namely the Xinglongzhuang coal mine, Baodian coal mine, Nantun coal mine, Dongtan coal mine, Jining II coal mine ("Jining II") and Jining III coal mine ("Jining III") as well as a regional railway network that links these mines with the national railway gird. These six coal mines and the railway were originally divisions of the Company's ultimate holding company, Yankuang Group Corporation Limited (the "Parent Company"), a state-owned enterprise in the PRC. The Parent Company contributed the assets and liabilities of the Xinglongzhuang coal mine, Baodian coal mine, Nantun coal mine and Dongtan coal mine into the Company upon its formation. The Company acquired Jining II from the Parent Company for cash in 1998. The Company acquired Jining III from the Parent Company effective January 1, 2001. This acquisition was financed as set out below.

On January 3, 2001, the Company allotted an additional 100,000,000 A shares to the public in the PRC (the "A Share Issue") and the A shares have been listed on the Shanghai Securities Exchange ("SSE") since February 2001. On May 14, 2001, the Company issued an aggregate of 170,000,000 H shares to independent investors and the H shares were listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited. The total net proceeds from the A share and H share offerings were approximately RMB960,607,000 and HK\$461,867,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB494,197,000), respectively. The proceeds were applied towards the purchase price of Jining III of approximately RMB2,583 million. The purchase price includes the cost of Jining III of approximately RMB2,450,905,000 and the cost of the mining rights of approximately RMB132,479,000.

The consideration for the cost of Jining III was fully settled at December 31, 2002 as follows:

(i) Initial instalment

RMB243,526,000 was paid on January 1, 2001, the completion date.

(ii) Second instalment

The net proceeds of RMB960,607,000 of the A Share Issue were paid over on January 22, 2001.

(iii) Third instalment

50% of the outstanding balance of the purchase price was paid (without interest) prior to December 31, 2001; and

(iv) Fourth instalment

The outstanding balance of the purchase price was paid (without interest) prior to December 31, 2002.

1. GENERAL - continued

The consideration for the cost of the mining rights of approximately RMB132,479,000 is to be settled over ten years by equal annual instalments before December 31 of each year, commencing from 2001.

On January 1, 2002, the Company acquired from the Parent Company the assets of the special purpose coal railway transportation business ("Railway Assets"). The consideration for the acquisition of the Railway Assets was approximately RMB1,242,586,000 subject to the adjustments as follows:

For each of the years ending December 31, 2002, 2003 and 2004, the Company will pay an extra RMB40,000,000 for each year if the Railway Assets' actual capacity reaches 25,000,000 tonnes, 28,000,000 tonnes and 30,000,000 tonnes, respectively.

The acquisition was funded by cash of the Company and a long-term bank loan of RMB1,200,000,000, the repayment of which is guaranteed by the Parent Company.

For the year ended December 31, 2002, Railway Assets' actual capacity was more than 25,000,000 tonnes, and accordingly, the consideration was adjusted to approximately RMB1,282,586,000.

As at June 30, 2003, the Company estimated that the capacity of the Railway Assets for the year ending December 31, 2003 will exceed 28,000,000 tonnes. As a result, the consideration was further adjusted to approximately RMB1,322,586,000.

At June 30, 2003 and December 31, 2002, the Company holds a 52.38% interest in the registered capital of Qingdao Free Trade Zone Zhongyan Trade Co., Ltd. ("Zhongyan"), a limited liability company established and operated in the PRC. Zhongyan is engaged in the trading and processing of mining machinery. The Company acquired its stake in Zhongyan during the year ended December 31, 2001 for a cash consideration of RMB2,710,000. Zhongyan did not have any significant impact on the consolidated results of the Company and Zhongyan (collectively, the "Group").

In April 2001, the status of the Company was changed to that of a sino-foreign joint stock limited company.

The Company's A shares are listed on the SSE, its H shares are listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited, and its American Depositary Shares ("ADS", one ADS represents 50 H shares) are listed on the New York Stock Exchange, Inc.

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The condensed financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standard 34 "Interim Financial Reporting" and with the applicable disclosure requirements of Appendix 16 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited. The Company also prepares a set of financial statements in accordance with the relevant accounting principles and regulations applicable to PRC enterprises ("PRC GAAP"). Differences between International Financial Reporting Standard ("IFRS") and PRC GAAP are stated in note 38.

The condensed financial statements reflect additional disclosures to conform with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance and with presentations customary in the United States of America.

Differences between IFRS and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("US GAAP") are stated in note 39.

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The condensed financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified for the revaluation of financial instruments.

The accounting policies adopted are consistent with those followed in the preparation of the Group's annual financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2002.

4. SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Group is engaged primarily in the coal mining business and, commencing from January 1, 2002, the Group is also engaged in coal railway transportation business. The Group operates only in the PRC. All the identifiable assets of the Group are located in the PRC. The Company does not currently have direct export rights and all of its export sales must be made through China National Coal Industry Import and Export Corporation ("National Coal Corporation"), China National Minerals Import and Export Co., Ltd. ("National Minerals Company") or Shanxi Coal Imp. & Exp. Group Corp. ("Shanxi Coal Corporation"). The final customer destination of the Company's export sales is determined by the Company, National Coal Corporation, National Minerals Company or Shanxi Coal Corporation. The Company's subsidiary is engaged in trading and processing of mining machinery in the PRC. No separate segment information about the subsidiary's business is presented in these financial statements as the underlying gross sales, results and assets of the subsidiary's business are insignificant to the Group.

Business segments

For management purposes, the Group is currently organised into two operating divisions — coal mining and coal railway transportation. These divisions are the basis on which the Group reports its primary segment information.

Principal activities are as follows:

Coal mining — Underground mining, preparation and sales of coal Coal railway transportation — Provision for railway transportation services

4. **SEGMENT INFORMATION** – continued

Segment information about these businesses is presented below:

INCOME STATEMENT

Operating income

		For the six months Coal railway	ended June 30, 2003	3
	Coal mining RMB'000	transportation RMB'000	Eliminations RMB'000	Consolidated RMB'000
GROSS REVENUE				
External	4,298,236	75,989	_	4,374,225
Inter-segment	-	194,767	(194,767)	-
Total	4,298,236	270,756	(194,767)	4,374,225
Inter-segment revenue is charged at prices pre-determined by the relevant governmental authority.				
RESULT				
Segment results	1,114,822	115,111	-	1,229,933
Unallocated corporate expenses				— (181,395)
Unallocated corporate income				1,048,538 8,489
Operating income				1,057,027
		For the six months Coal railway	ended June 30, 2002	
	Coal mining RMB'000	transportation RMB′000	Eliminations RMB'000	Consolidated RMB'000
GROSS REVENUE				
External	3,662,013	67,991	-	3,730,004
Inter-segment		188,707	(188,707)	
Total	3,662,013	256,698	(188,707)	3,730,004
Inter-segment revenue is charged at prices	pre-determined l	by the relevant gover	rnmental authority.	
RESULT				
Segment results	997,228	135,518	_	1,132,746
Unallocated corporate expenses				(97,165)
				1,035,581
Unallocated corporate income				13,278

1,048,859

5. SALES OF COAL AND TRANSPORTATION COSTS OF COAL

	Six months ended June 30,	
	2003	2002
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Domestic sales of coal, gross	2,507,618	1,795,523
Less: Transportation costs	326,233	211,542
Domestic sales of coal, net	2,181,385	1,583,981
Export sales of coal, gross	1,790,618	1,866,490
Less: Transportation costs	543,378	521,862
Export sales of coal, net	1,247,240	1,344,628
Net sales of coal	3,428,625	2,928,609

Net sales of coal represents the invoiced value of coal sold and is net of returns, discounts, sales taxes and transportation costs if the invoiced value includes transportation costs to the customers.

Sales taxes consist primarily of a resource tax calculated at the rate of RMB1.20 per metric tonne ("tonne") of the imputed quantity of raw coal sold and are paid to the local tax bureau. The resource tax for each of six months ended June 30, 2003 and 2002 amounted to RMB24,966,000 and RMB21,681,000, respectively.

6. COST OF SALES AND SERVICE PROVIDED

	Six months ended June 30,	
	2003	2002
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Materials	446,973	338,784
Wages and employee benefits	429,853	312,262
Electricity	141,058	115,125
Depreciation	434,622	380,646
Land subsidence, restoration, rehabilitation and		
environmental costs	131,473	104,972
Repairs and maintenance	154,926	131,892
Annual fee and amortization of mining rights	9,802	9,802
Transportation costs	26,037	17,864
Others	94,164	45,483
	1,868,908	1,456,830

7. SELLING, GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

	Six months ended June 30,	
	2003	2002
	RMB'000	RMB'000
	174.070	
Retirement benefits scheme contributions (note 33)	174,279	156,088
Wages and employee benefits	52,369	82,581
Additional medical insurance	14,234	-
Depreciation	20,387	12,501
Amortization of goodwill	4,834	389
Distribution charges	20,687	44,057
Allowance for doubtful debts	30,235	35,023
Resource compensation fees	42,204	21,443
Repairs and maintenance	4,760	3,744
Research and development	49,286	13,249
Staff training costs	13,377	5,146
Freight charges	6,389	1,361
Others	203,126	157,752
	636,167	533,334

8. OTHER OPERATING INCOME

	Six months ended June 30,	
	2003	
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Gain on sales of auxiliary materials	26,124	13,079
Interest income from bank deposits	7,356	13,278
Release of negative goodwill to income	13,810	13,810
Government grants	4,495	_
Others	5,703	2,256
	57,488	42,423

9. INTEREST EXPENSES

	Six months ended June 30,	
	2003	2002
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Interest expenses on:		
– bank borrowing wholly repayable within 5 years	35,154	3,666
 bank borrowing not wholly repayable within 5 years 	-	39,639
 bills receivable discounted without recourse 	186	705
Deemed interest expenses	2,631	19,978
	37,971	63,988

No interest was capitalized during the relevant periods.

10. INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAXES

	Six months ended June 30,	
	2003	2002
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Income before income taxes has been arrived at after charging:		
Amortization of mining rights Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	3,312 1,814	3,312 932

11. INCOME TAXES

	Six months ended June 30,	
	2003	2002
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Income taxes	299,630	288,114
Deferred tax credit (note 25)	(19,368)	(2,204)
	280,262	285,910

The Group is subject to a standard income tax rate of 33%. However, the effective income tax rate of the Group for the current period is 28% (six months ended June 30, 2002: 29%). The major reconciling item is the amount claimed on the appropriation to future development fund which is eligible for tax deduction but is not charged to income under IFRS.

12. DIVIDEND

	Six months ended June 30,	
	2003	2002
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Final dividend approved	298,480	287,000

Pursuant to the annual general meeting held on June 27, 2003, a final dividend of approximately RMB298,480,000, or RMB0.104 per share in respect of the year ended December 31, 2002 was approved.

Pursuant to the annual general meeting held on June 7, 2002, a final dividend of approximately RMB287,000,000, or RMB0.100 per share in respect of the year ended December 31, 2001 was approved and paid to the shareholders of the Company.

13. EARNINGS PER SHARE AND PER ADS

The calculation of the earnings per share for the six months ended June 30, 2003 and 2002 is based on the net income for the period of RMB737,966,000 and RMB696,387,000, respectively, and on the weighted average number of 2,870,000,000 shares in issue during the relevant periods.

The earnings per ADS have been calculated based on the net income for the relevant periods and on one ADS representing 50 H shares.

14. RESTRICTED CASH

At the balance sheet date, the amount represents the bank deposits pledged to certain banks to secure banking facilities granted to the Group.

15. BILLS AND ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

	At	At
	June 30,	December 31,
	2003	2002
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Total bills receivable	487,038	239,974
Total accounts receivable	582,218	639,038
Less: Allowance for doubtful debts	(97,171)	(76,083)
Total bills and accounts receivable, net	972,085	802,929

Bills receivable represent unconditional orders in writing issued by or negotiated from customers of the Group for completed sale orders which entitle the Group to collect a sum of money from banks or other parties.

The Group made allowance for doubtful debts of RMB21,088,000 and RMB35,023,000 for the six months ended June 30, 2003 and 2002, respectively.

According to the credit rating of different customers, the Group allows a range of credit periods to its trade customers not exceeding 180 days.

The following is an aged analysis of bills and accounts receivable at the reporting date:

	At	At
	June 30,	December 31,
	2003	2002
	RMB'000	RMB'000
1– 180 days	705,154	551,795
181– 365 days	178,458	182,371
1– 2 years	107,614	99,633
2- 3 years	58,011	38,388
Over 3 years	20,019	6,825
	1,069,256	879,012

16. INVESTMENTS IN SECURITIES

	At June 30, 2003 RMB'000	At December 31, 2002 RMB'000
Available-for-sale investments		
NON-CURRENT Equity investments	1,760	1,760
CURRENT Fixed maturity investments	88,702	88,702

The non-current investments in securities represents unlisted equity investments with no quoted market price and the amount was stated at cost subject to recognition of impairment losses. The current investments in securities represents investments in listed fixed maturity securities that the Group does not intend or is not able to hold to maturity. The carrying amounts of these fixed maturity securities approximate their quoted market prices.

17. INVENTORIES

	At	At
	June 30,	December 31,
	2003	2002
	RMB'000	RMB'000
COST		
Auxiliary materials, spare parts and small tools	239,728	309,246
Coal products	308,039	267,333
	547,767	576,579

18. OTHER LOAN RECEIVABLE

The amount represents a loan receivable to an independent third party. The amount is guaranteed by another independent third party, bears interest at 6% per annum and is secured by shares of a private PRC company (equivalent to approximately 16% of the share capital of that company) in which the borrower is a shareholder. The amount is repayable in April 2004.

19. MINING RIGHTS

	RMB'000
COST	
At January 1, 2003 and June 30, 2003	132,479
AMORTIZATION	
At January 1, 2003	13,248
Provided for the period	3,312
At June 30, 2003	16,560
NET BOOK VALUES	
At June 30, 2003	115,919
At December 31, 2002	119,231

In addition, the Parent Company and the Company have entered into a mining rights agreement pursuant to which the Company has agreed to pay to the Parent Company, effective from September 25, 1997, an annual fee of RMB12,980,000 as compensation for the Parent Company's agreement to give up the mining rights associated with the Group's mines other than Jining III. The annual fee is subject to change after a ten year period.

20. LAND USE RIGHTS

	RMB'000
COST	
At January 1, 2003 and at June 30, 2003	658,549
AMORTIZATION	
At January 1, 2003	40,343
Provided for the period	6,680
At June 30, 2003	47,023
NET BOOK VALUES	
At June 30, 2003	611,526
At December 31, 2002	618,206

The land use rights have a term of fifty years from the date of grant of land use rights certificates.

21. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT, NET

				Plant, machinery			
		Railway	Mining	-	Transportation	Construction	
	Buildings	structure	structure	equipment	equipment	in progress	Total
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
COST							
At January 1, 2003	2,024,122	720,704	3,646,069	6,602,377	270,740	124,923	13,388,935
Additions	_	-	-	10,796	178	170,214	181,188
Transfers	302	-	-	13,964	639	(14,905)	-
Disposals	_	-	-	(47,781)	(2,081)	-	(49,862)
At June 30, 2003	2,024,424	720,704	3,646,069	6,579,356	269,476	280,232	13,520,261
DEPRECIATION							
At January 1, 2003	706,902	52,286	1,300,221	2,935,073	117,512	_	5,111,994
Provided for the period	47,655	26,126	54,598	340,604	18,992	-	487,975
Eliminated on disposals	_	_	_	(34,149)	(1,101)	-	(35,250)
At June 30, 2003	754,557	78,412	1,354,819	3,241,528	135,403	-	5,564,719
NET BOOK VALUES							
At June 30, 2003	1,269,867	642,292	2,291,250	3,337,828	134,073	280,232	7,955,542
At December 31, 2002	1,317,220	668,418	2,345,848	3,667,304	153,228	124,923	8,276,941

22. GOODWILL

	At	At
	June 30,	December 31,
	2003	2002
	RMB'000	RMB'000
COST		
Opening balance	55,545	15,545
Subsequent adjustment to contingent consideration in		·
respect of the acquisition of Railway Assets (note 30)	40,000	40,000
Closing balance	95,545	55,545
AMORTIZATION		
Opening balance	3,885	3,108
Provided for the period/year	4,834	777
Closing balance	8,719	3,885
NET BOOK VALUES		
Closing balance	86,826	51,660

23. NEGATIVE GOODWILL

	At June 30, 2003 RMB'000	At December 31, 2002 RMB'000
COST		
Opening balance and closing balance	138,101	138,101
RELEASED TO INCOME		
Opening balance	55,240	27,620
Released for the period/year	13,810	27,620
Closing balance	69,050	55,240
NET BOOK VALUES		
Closing balance	69,051	82,861

24. DEPOSIT MADE ON ACQUISITION OF INVESTMENTS IN SECURITIES

The amount represents a deposit paid by the Group in connection with the acquisition of a less than 1 percent stake in Shenergy Company Limited, a company listed on the SSE. The investment is in the form of state legal person shares, which are not tradeable on the SSE. The unpaid consideration at June 30, 2003 and December 31, 2002 are shown as a capital commitment in note 32.

25. DEFERRED TAX ASSET

	At	At
	June 30,	December 31,
	2003	2002
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Opening balance	88,807	87,421
Credit for the period/year	19,368	1,386
Closing balance	108,175	88,807

At the balance sheet date, the deferred tax asset represented the tax effect of temporary differences on the excess of provision for land subsidence, restoration, rehabilitation and environmental costs over the amount eligible for tax deduction.

26. BILLS AND ACCOUNTS PAYABLE

	At	At
	June 30,	December 31,
	2003	2002
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Bills payable	15,000	100,982
Accounts payable	354,174	501,743
	369,174	602,725

The following is an aged analysis of bills and accounts payable at the reporting date:

	At	
	June 30,	December 31,
	2003	2002
	RMB'000	RMB'000
1– 180 days	210,542	315,257
181– 365 days	105,426	201,272
1– 2 years	53,206	86,196
	369,174	602,725

27. PROVISION FOR LAND SUBSIDENCE, RESTORATION, REHABILITATION AND ENVIRONMENTAL COSTS

	At	At	
	June 30,	December 31,	
	2003	2002	
	RMB'000	RMB'000	
Opening balance	83,044	120,196	
Additional provision in the period/year	135,404	238,297	
Transfers to prepayments and accrued expenses	(76,713)	(275,449)	
Closing balance	141,735	83,044	

The provision for land subsidence, restoration, rehabilitation and environmental costs has been determined by the directors based on their best estimates. However, in so far as the effect on the land and the environment from current mining activities becomes apparent in future periods, the estimate of the associated costs may be subject to change in the near term.

28. LONG-TERM BANK BORROWING

During the year ended December 31, 2002, the Group obtained a new bank loan in the amount of RMB1,200,000,000. The loan bears interest at 6.21% per annum and is repayable in instalments over a period of 7 years, the first repayment instalment of which is due in August 2004. The proceeds were used to finance the acquisition of Railway Assets (see note 1).

During the six months ended June 30, 2003, the interest rate of the bank loan has been adjusted to 5.76%, pursuant to the terms of the loan agreement. Following an early partial repayment of the bank loan of RMB600,000,000 during the period, the remainder of the loan is repayable in instalments over a period of 3 years, the first repayment instalment of which is due in August 2004.

The above loan is repayable as follows:

	At	At
	June 30,	December 31,
	2003	2002
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Within one year	-	_
More than one year, but not exceeding two years	200,000	200,000
More than two years, but not exceeding five years	400,000	600,000
Exceeding five years	-	400,000
	600,000	1,200,000

29. SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

The Company's share capital structure at the balance sheet date is as follows:

Class of shares	Type of shares	Number of shares at June 30, 2003 and at December 31, 2002
Domestic invested shares	State legal person shares (held by the Parent Company)A shares (note 1)	1,670,000,000 180,000,000
Foreign invested shares	H shares (including H shares represented by ADS) (note 1)	1,020,000,000
Total		2,870,000,000

Each share has a par value of RMB1.

Pursuant to regulations in the PRC, the Company is required to transfer an annual amount to a future development fund at RMB6 per tonne of raw coal mined. The fund can only be used for the future development of the coal mining business and is not available for distribution to shareholders.

29. SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY - continued

The Company has to set aside 10% of its net income for the statutory common reserve fund (except where the fund has reached 50% of the Company's registered capital) and 5% to 10% of its net income for the statutory common welfare fund. The statutory common reserve fund can be used for the following purposes:

- to make good losses in previous years; or
- to convert into capital, provided such conversion is approved by a resolution at a shareholders' general meeting and the balance of the statutory common reserve fund does not fall below 25% of the registered capital.

The statutory common welfare fund, which is to be used for the welfare of the staff and workers of the Company, is of a capital nature.

In accordance with the Company's Articles of Association, the net income for the purpose of appropriation will be deemed to be the lesser of the amounts determined in accordance with (i) PRC accounting standards and regulations and (ii) IFRS or the accounting standards of the places in which its shares are listed.

The Company can also create a discretionary reserve in accordance with its Articles of Association or pursuant to resolutions which may be adopted at a meeting of shareholders.

The Company's distributable reserve as at June 30, 2003 is the retained earnings computed under PRC GAAP which amounted to approximately RMB2,328,479,000 (as at December 31, 2002: RMB1,751,708,000).

30. ACQUISITION OF RAILWAY ASSETS

	Six months ended
	June 30,
	2002
	RMB'000
The net assets of Railway Assets at the date of acquisition were as follows:	
Bank balances and cash	141
Bills and accounts receivable	4,586
Prepayment and other current assets	132,633
Inventories	5,461
Land use rights	259,378
Property, plant and equipment, net	877,380
Bills and accounts payable	(22,830)
Other payables and accrued expenses	(14,163)
Net assets	1,242,586
Goodwill arising on subsequent adjustment to contingent consideration	80,000
	1,322,586
Satisfied by:	
Cash consideration paid on acquisition	1,242,586
Additional payment in respect of contingent consideration	80,000
	1,322,586
Net cash outflow arising on acquisition:	
Cash paid on acquisition	(1,242,586)
Bank balances and cash acquired	141
	(1,242,445)

On January 1, 2002, the Company acquired the Railway Assets from its Parent Company for a total consideration of RMB1,242,586,000.

Pursuant to the terms of the acquisition agreement, the consideration has been adjusted to RMB1,282,586,000 as the annual transportation volume of the Railway Assets reached the volume milestone target of 25,000,000 tonnes for the year ended December 31, 2002.

As at June 30, 2003, the Company estimated that the capacity of the Railway Assets for the year ending December 31, 2003, will exceed 28,000,000 tonnes. As a result, the consideration was further adjusted to approximately RMB1,322,586,000.

31. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The amounts due to the Parent Company and its subsidiary companies are non-interest bearing and unsecured.

The amounts due to the Parent Company and its subsidiary companies as at June 30, 2003 included the present value of outstanding balance that arose from the funding of the acquisition of the mining rights of Jining III as of January 1, 2001 discounted using the market rate of bank borrowings (note 1).

	At	At
	June 30,	December 31,
	2003	2002
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Amounts due to Parent Company and its subsidiary companies		
Within one year	66,576	285,308
More than one year, but not exceeding two years	10,483	10,483
More than two years, but not exceeding five years	27,721	27,721
Exceeding five years	23,137	23,137
Total due	127,917	346,649
Less: amount due within one year	66,576	285,308
Amount due after one year	61,341	61,341

Except for the amounts disclosed above, the amounts due to the Parent Company and/or its subsidiary companies have no specific terms of repayment.

During the periods, the Group had the following significant transactions with the Parent Company and/or its subsidiary companies:

	Six months ended June 30,	
	2003	2002
	RMB'000	RMB'000
•		
Income		
Sales of coal	79,009	55,788
Sales of auxiliary materials	180,480	-
Gain on sales of auxiliary materials	-	8,399
Utilities and facilities	14,500	2,500
Railway transportation services	26	266
Expenditure		
Utilities and facilities	300	870
Electricity	154,119	_
Annual fee for mining rights	6,490	6,490
Purchases of supply materials	181,342	68,831
Repairs and maintenance services	92,217	108,437
Social welfare and support services	95,670	88,674
Technical support and training	7,565	7,565
Road transportation services	13,417	16,921

31. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS - continued

During the periods, the Group had the following significant transactions with a related party, certain management members of which are also management members of the Group:

	Six months ended June 30,	
	2003	2002
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Sales of coal	21,501	20,243

Certain expenditure for social welfare and support services (excluding medical and child care expenses) of RMB33,973,000 and RMB31,375,000 for each of the six months ended June 30, 2003 and 2002, respectively, and for technical support and training of RMB7,565,000 for each of the six months ended June 30, 2003 and 2002, have been charged by the Parent Company at a negotiated amount per annum, subject to changes every year.

The above transactions were charged either at markets prices or based on terms agreed by both parties.

On January 1, 2002, the Company acquired the Railway Assets from the Parent Company (see note 1).

In addition to the above, the Company participates in a multi-employer plan of the Parent Company in respect of retirement benefits (see notes 7 and 33).

32. COMMITMENTS

	At	At
	June 30,	December 31,
	2003	2002
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Capital expenditure contracted for but not provided		
in the financial statements in respect of:		
 acquisition of property, plant and equipment 	139,956	257,382
- acquisition of an equity investment	30,137	30,137
	170,093	287,519
Capital expenditure in respect of the acquisition of property,		
plant and equipment authorized but not contracted for	250,000	-

33. RETIREMENT BENEFITS

Qualifying employees of the Company are entitled to a pension, medical and other welfare benefits. The Company participates in a multi-employer scheme of the Parent Company and pays a monthly contribution to the Parent Company in respect of retirement benefits at an agreed contribution rate based on the monthly basic salaries and wages of the qualified employees. The Parent Company is responsible for the payment of all retirement benefits to the retired employees of the Company.

The monthly contribution rate has been set initially at 45% of the aggregate monthly basic salaries and wages of the Company's employees, and was fixed until December 31, 2001. Upon expiration of the initial period, the Company and the Parent Company determined that the contribution rate should remain at 45% for the period from January 1, 2002 to December 31, 2006.

The Company's subsidiary is a participant in a state-managed retirement scheme pursuant to which the subsidiary pays a fixed percentage of its qualifying staff's wages as a contribution to the scheme. The subsidiary's financial obligation under this scheme is limited to the payment of the employer's contribution. During the period, contributions payable by the subsidiary pursuant to this arrangement were insignificant to the Group.

During the period and at the balance sheet date, there were no forfeited contributions which arose upon employees leaving the above schemes, available to reduce the contribution payable in the future years.

34. HOUSING SCHEME

The Parent Company is responsible for providing accommodation to its employees and the employees of the Company. The Company and the Parent Company share the incidental expenses relating to the accommodation at a negotiated amount for each of the six months ended June 30, 2003 and 2002. Such expenses, amounting to RMB18,600,000 for each of the six months ended June 30, 2003 and 2002, have been included as part of the social welfare and support services expenses summarized in note 31.

The Company currently makes a fixed monthly contribution for each of its qualifying employees to a housing fund which is equally matched by a contribution from the employees. The contributions are paid to the Parent Company which utilizes the funds, along with the proceeds from the sales of accommodation and, if the need arises, from loans arranged by the Parent Company, to construct new accommodation. Starting from 2002, the Parent Company intends to sell the new accommodation by reference to market prices instead of cost. Accordingly, the Company paid an additional housing allowance to the employees at a percentage of their wages.

35. FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The carrying amounts of bills and accounts receivable, investments in securities, bills and accounts payable and amounts due to the Parent Company and/or its subsidiary companies of the Group approximate their fair values because of the short maturity of these amounts or because they are stated at present value discounted using market rates. In addition, the carrying amount of the long-term bank borrowing approximates its fair value as the interest rate approximates the market rate.

36. CONCENTRATION OF CREDIT RISK

The Group maintains its cash and cash equivalents with banks in the PRC.

The Group generally grants long-term customers credit terms with a range from one to four months, depending on the situations of the individual customers. For small to medium size new customers, the Group generally requires them to pay for the products before delivery.

Most of the Group's domestic sales are sales to electric power plants, metallurgical companies, construction material producers and railway companies. The Group generally has established long-term and stable relationships with these companies. The Group also sells its coal to provincial and city fuel trading companies.

As the Group does not currently have direct export rights, all of its export sales must be made through National Coal Corporation, Shanxi Coal Corporation or National Minerals Company. The quality, prices and final customer destination of the Group's export sales are determined by the Group, National Coal Corporation, Shanxi Coal Corporation or National Minerals Company. The Group intends to apply for direct export rights although there can be no assurance that such rights will be obtained on a timely basis.

For the six months ended June 30, 2003 and 2002, net sales to the Group's five largest domestic customers accounted for approximately, 18% and 24%, respectively, of the Group's total net sales. Net sales to the Group's largest domestic customer, the Shandong Power and Fuel Company, accounted for 11% and 15% of the Group's net sales for the six months ended June 30, 2003 and 2002, respectively. The Shandong Power and Fuel Company purchases coal on behalf of several power plants in Shandong Province, the largest of which, the Zouxian Electric Power Plant, alone accounted for 11% and 14% of the Group's net sales for the six months ended June 30, 2003 and 2002, respectively.

Details of the amounts receivable from the five customers with the largest receivable balances at June 30, 2003 and December 31, 2002 are as follows:

	Percentage of accounts receivable	
	At	At
	June 30,	December 31,
	2003	2002
Five largest receivable balances	37%	52%

37. POST BALANCE SHEET EVENT

Pursuant to a resolution passed by the board of directors on August 15, 2003, the Company entered into an agreement to acquire an 80% equity interest in Zoucheng Nanmei Shipping Co., Ltd. ("Nanmei Shipping") for a cash consideration of RMB10,164,000. Nanmei Shipping is established and operated in the PRC and is principally engaged in river and lake transportation and sales of coal and construction material.

38. SUMMARY OF DIFFERENCES BETWEEN IFRS AND PRC GAAP

The condensed financial statements prepared under IFRS and those prepared under PRC GAAP have the following major differences:

- (i) adjustment of future development fund (see note 29), which is charged to income before income taxes under PRC GAAP, to shareholders' equity;
- (ii) recognition of a deferred tax asset under IFRS for the tax consequence of temporary differences by applying enacted statutory tax rates applicable to future years to differences between the financial statement carrying amounts and the tax basis of existing assets and liabilities;
- (iii) negative goodwill arising under IFRS for the acquisition of Jining III is recognized as income in the statement of income on a systematic basis over the remaining weighted average useful life of the identifiable acquired depreciable/amortizable assets. No negative goodwill is recongized under PRC GAAP;
- (iv) the installments payable to the Parent Company for the acquisition of Jining III have been stated at present value discounted using market rates under IFRS while under PRC GAAP, the installments payable are stated at gross amount. Accordingly, deemed interest expense arises on the installments payable to the Parent Company under IFRS and no such interest expenses are recognized under PRC GAAP; and
- (v) dividends proposed by the directors after the balance sheet date and subject to approval in the annual general meeting are adjusted in the financial statements under PRC GAAP as at the balance sheet date.

The following table summarizes the differences between IFRS and PRC GAAP:

	Net i	ncome for	Net ass	ets as at
	six months	ended June 30,	June 30,	December 31,
	2003	2002	2003	2002
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
As per condensed financial statements prepared under IFRS Impact of IFRS adjustment in respect of:	737,966	696,387	10,434,519	9,995,033
 transfer to future development fund which is charged to income before income taxes under PRC GAAP deferred tax effect on temporary 	(131,034)	(115,784)	-	-
differences not recognized under PRC GAAP – release of negative goodwill	(19,368)	(2,204)	(108,175)	(88,807)
to income	(13,810)	(13,810)	(69,050)	(55,240)
 deemed interest expenses 	2,631	19,978	102,182	99,551
– proposed final dividend	_	_	_	(298,480)
- others	386	379	6,903	6,517
As per financial statements prepared				
under PRC GAAP	576,771	584,946	10,366,379	9,658,574

Note:

There are also differences in other items in the condensed financial statements due to differences in classification between IFRS and PRC GAAP.

39. SUMMARY OF DIFFERENCES BETWEEN IFRS AND US GAAP

The condensed financial statements are prepared in accordance with IFRS, which differ in certain significant respects from US GAAP. The significant differences relate principally to the accounting for the acquisitions of Jining II, Jining III and Railway Assets, the cost bases of property, plant and equipment and land use rights and related adjustments to deferred taxation.

Under IFRS, the acquisitions of Jining II, Jining III and Railway Assets have been accounted for using the purchase method which accounts for the assets and liabilities of Jining II, Jining III and Railway Assets at their fair value at the date of acquisition. Any excess of the purchase consideration over the fair value of the net assets acquired is capitalized as goodwill and amortized over a period of ten to twenty years. Any excess of the fair value of the net assets acquired over the purchase consideration is recorded as negative goodwill, which is presented as a deduction from the assets of the Group in the condensed consolidated balance sheet. The Group releases the negative goodwill to the statement of income on a systematic basis over the remaining weighted average useful life of the identifiable acquired depreciable/amortizable assets.

Under US GAAP, as the Group, Jining II, Jining III and Railway Assets are entities under the common control of the Parent Company, the assets and liabilities of Jining II, Jining III and Railway Assets are required to be included in the condensed consolidated balance sheet of the Group at historical cost. The difference between the historical cost of the assets and liabilities of Jining II, Jining III and Railway Assets acquired and the purchase price paid is recorded as an adjustment to shareholders' equity.

Under IFRS, the mining rights of Jining III are stated at purchase consideration less amortization. Mining rights are amortized on a straight line basis over twenty years, being the useful life estimated based on the total proven and probable reserves of the coal mine. Under US GAAP, as both the Group and Jining III are entities under the common control of the Parent Company, the mining rights have to be restated at nil cost and no amortization on mining rights will be recognized. However, a deferred tax asset relating to the capitalization of mining rights is required to be recognized under US GAAP as a higher tax base resulting from the capitalization is utilized for PRC tax purposes.

Under IFRS, property, plant and equipment and land use rights are stated at their respective fair values at the date of acquisition even including transactions between entities under common control. The fair value amount becomes the new cost basis of the assets of the Company formed from the reorganization and depreciation is based on such new basis. Under US GAAP, when accounting for a transfer of assets or exchange of shares between entities under common control, the entity that receives the net assets or equity interests shall initially recognize the assets and liabilities transferred at their carrying amounts in the accounts of the transferring entity at the date of transfer. Accordingly, property, plant and equipment and land use rights are restated at the historical cost and no additional depreciation on the fair value amounts will be recognized under US GAAP. However, a deferred tax asset relating to the difference in cost bases between the fair value at the date of acquisition and historical cost is required to be recognized under US GAAP as the tax basis of the assets is the fair value amount at the date of acquisition.

The adjustments necessary to restate net income and shareholders' equity in accordance with US GAAP are shown in the tables set out below.

	Six mont	Six months ended June 30,	
	2003	2002	
	RMB'000	RMB'000	
Net income as reported under IFRS	737,966	696,387	
US GAAP adjustments:			
Additional depreciation charged on property, plant and equipment and land use rights Additional deferred tax charges attributable to differences	94,084	91,755	
in cost bases of property, plant and equipment and land use rights	(31,047)	(30,279)	
Additional deferred tax charges attributable to capitalization of mining rights	(1,093)	(1,093)	
Amortization of negative goodwill on acquisition of Jining III	(13,810)	(13,810)	
Amortization of mining rights of Jining III	3,312	3,312	
Amortization of goodwill arising on acquisition of Jining II Amortization of goodwill arising on acquisition of	390	389	
Railway Assets	4,444	-	
Net income under US GAAP	794,246	746,661	
Earnings per share under US GAAP	RMB0.28	RMB0.26	
Earnings per ADS under US GAAP	RMB13.84	RMB13.01	

	At	At
	June 30,	December 31,
	2003	2002
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Shareholders' equity as reported under IFRS	10,434,519	9,995,033
US GAAP adjustments:		
Difference in cost bases of property, plant and equipment		
and land use rights	(2,561,032)	(2,561,032)
Additional depreciation charged on property, plant and		
equipment and land use rights	1,031,413	937,329
Additional deferred tax assets attributable to differences in		
cost bases of property, plant and equipment and land		
use rights	504,775	535,822
Goodwill arising on acquisition of Jining II	(11,270)	(11,660)
Negative goodwill arising on acquisition of Jining III, net	69,051	82,861
Mining rights of Jining III	(115,919)	(119,231)
Additional deferred tax asset attributable to capitalization		
of mining rights	38,253	39,346
Goodwill arising on contingent consideration for		
acquisition of Railway Assets	(75,556)	(40,000)
Shareholders' equity under US GAAP	9,314,234	8,858,468

Under US GAAP, the Group's total assets would have been RMB11,656,021,000 and RMB11,787,480,000 at June 30, 2003 and December 31, 2002, respectively.

Details of recent accounting pronouncements are as follows:

In August 2001, the FASB issued SFAS No. 143, "Accounting for Asset Retirement Obligations" which is effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2002. This statement addresses the diverse accounting practices for obligations associated with the retirement of tangible long-lived assets and the associated asset retirement costs. The Group adopted SFAS No. 143 on January 1, 2003 and it did not have a material effect in the Group's financial statements.

In April 2002, the FASB issued SFAS No. 145, "Rescission of FASB Statement No. 4, 44 and 64, Amendment of FASB Statement No. 13, and Technical Corrections", to update, clarify, and simplify certain existing accounting pronouncements. Specifically, SFAS No. 145: (i) Rescinds SFAS No. 4, "Reporting Gains and Losses from Extinguishment of Debt", an amendment of APB Opinion 30, and SFAS No. 64, "Extinguishments of Debt Made to Satisfy Sinking-Fund Requirements", which amended SFAS No. 4, as these two standards required that all gains and losses from the extinguishment of debt be aggregate and, if material, classified as an extraordinary item. Consequently, such gains and losses will now be classified as extraordinary only if they meet the criteria for extraordinary treatment set forth in APB Opinion 30, Reporting the Results of Operations - Reporting the Effects of Disposal of a Segment of a Business, and Extra-ordinary, Unusual and Infrequently Occurring Events and Transactions; (ii) Rescinds SFAS No. 44, "Accounting for Intangible Assets of Motor Carriers", an amendment of Chapter 5 of Accounting Research Bulletins No. 43 and an interpretation of APB Opinions 17 and 30, because the discrete event to which the Statement relates is no longer relevant; (iii) Amends SFAS No. 13, "Accounting for leases", to require that certain lease modifications that have economic effects similar to sale-leaseback transactions be accounted for in the same manner as such transactions; (iv) Makes certain technical corrections, which the FASB deemed to be non-substantive, to a number of existing accounting pronouncements. The provisions of SFAS No. 145 related to the rescission of SFAS No. 4 and No. 64 are effective for fiscal years beginning after May 15, 2002. The provisions related to the amendment of SFAS No. 13 are effective for transactions occurring after May 15, 2002. All other provisions of SFAS No. 145 are effective for financial statements issued on or after May 15, 2002. The Group adopted this standard and there was no significant impact on the Group's financial position and results of operations.

In July 2002, the FASB issued SFAS No. 146, "Accounting for Costs Associated with Exit or Disposal Activities" which requires companies to recognize costs associated with exit or disposal activities when they are incurred rather than at the date of a commitment to an exit or disposal plan. Such costs covered by the standard include lease termination costs and certain employee severance costs that are associated with a restructuring, discontinued operation, plant closing, or other exit or disposal activity. SFAS No. 146 replaces the previous accounting guidance provided by the Emerging Issues Task Force Issue No. 94-3, "Liability Recognition for Certain Employee Termination Benefits and Other Costs to Exit an Activity (including Certain Costs Incurred in a Restructuring)". SFAS No. 146 is to be applied prospectively to exit or disposal activities initiated after December 31, 2002. The Group adopted this standard and it did not have material effect in the Group's financial statements.

In December 2002, the FASB issued SFAS No. 148 "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation – Transition and Disclosure – an amendment of FASB Statement No. 123", which amends SFAS No.123, "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation". SFAS No. 148 provides alternative methods of transition for a voluntary change to the fair value based method of accounting for stock-based employee compensation. In addition, SFAS No. 148 amends the disclosure requirements of SFAS No. 123 to require more prominent and more frequent disclosures in financial statements of the effects of stock-based compensation. The transition guidance and annual disclosure provision of SFAS No. 148 are effective for fiscal years ended after December 15, 2002, with earlier application permitted in certain circumstances. The Group did not provide stock-based compensation to its employees and accordingly the adoption of this standard does not have a material effect on the Group's financial statements.

In November 2002, the FASB issued Interpretation ("FIN") No. 45 "Guarantor's Accounting and Disclosure Requirements for Guarantees, Including Indirect Guarantees of Indebtedness of Others". This interpretation requires certain disclosures to be made by a guarantor in its interim and annual financial statements about its obligations under certain guarantees that it has issued. It also requires a guarantor to recognize, at the inception of a guarantee, a liability for the fair value of the obligation undertaken in issuing the guarantee. The disclosure requirements of FIN No. 45 are effective for interim and annual periods after December 15, 2002. The Group had no guarantees as of June 30, 2003 and December 31, 2002. The initial recognition and initial measurement requirements of FIN No. 45 are effective prospectively for guarantees issued or modified after December 31, 2002. The Group adopted FIN No. 45 and it did not have a material effect on the Group's financial statements.

In January 2003, the FASB issued FIN No. 46 "Consolidation of Variable Interest Entities". FIN No. 46 requires that if an entity has a controlling financial interest in a variable interest entity, the assets, liabilities and results of activities of the variable interest entity should be included in the consolidated financial statements of the entity. FIN No. 46 requires that its provisions are effective immediately for all arrangements entered into after January 31, 2003. For any arrangements entered into prior to January 31, 2003, the FIN No. 46 provisions are required to be adopted at the beginning of the first interim or annual period beginning after June 15, 2003. The adoption of FIN No. 46 did not have an impact on the operating results or financial position of the Group.

In April 2003, the FASB issued SFAS No. 149, "Amendment of Statement No. 133 on Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities." The statement amends and clarifies accounting for derivative instruments, including certain derivatives instruments embedded in other contracts and for hedging activities under SFAS No. 133. This Statement is generally effective for contracts entered into or modified after June 30, 2003. Management is assessing, but has not yet determined, the impact that SFAS No. 149 will have, if any, on its financial position and results of operations.

In May 2003, the FASB issued SFAS No. 150, "Accounting for Certain Financial Instruments with Characteristics of both Liabilities and Equity". The statement establishes standards for how an issuer classifies and measures certain financial instruments. This statement is effective for financial instruments entered into or modified after May 31, 2003, and otherwise is effective at the beginning of the first interim period beginning after June 15, 2003. The statement requires that certain financial instruments that, under previous guidance, could be accounted for as equity be classified as liabilities, or assets in some circumstances. This statement does not apply to features embedded in a financial instrument that is not a derivative in its entirety. The statement also requires disclosures about alternative ways of settling the instruments and the capital structure of entities whose shares are mandatory redeemable. Management is assessing, but has not yet determined, the impact that SFAS No. 150 will have, if any, on its financial position and results of operations.

CORPORATE INFORMATION

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Shanghai Stock Exchange Ticker Symbol: 600188

Stock Abbreviation: Yanzhou Mei Ye

H Shares:

The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited

Share code: 1171

ADS:

The New York Stock Exchange, Inc.

Ticker Symbol: YZC